

2001

Targeted Tax Area Business Booklet

Members of the Franchise Tax Board Kathleen Connell, Chair Claude Parrish, Member B. Timothy Gage, Member

This booklet contains:

Form FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary



Instructions for Targeted Tax Area Businesses — Form FTB 3809

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 1998, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

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What's New

Form

For the 2001 tax year, a new form is available for nonresidents and part-year residents: Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-vear Resident Income Tax Return. The Short Form 540NR is for nonresident and part-year resident taxpayers who have limited income sources and deductions. The Form 540NR name has been changed to Long Form 540NR. California Nonresident or Partvear Resident Income Tax Return, References to the Form 540NR in this booklet mean the Long Form 540NR.

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001 and before January 1, 2003, farmers are allowed a deduction for losses sustained due to Pierce's Disease and its vectors. This loss may create an NOL, which is allowed to be carried forward for nine years at 100%. The NOL may be deducted only from income apportioned to the area affected by Pierce's Disease using a two-factor formula. For more information, see form FTB 3805D.

Basis Adjustment

For purposes of recapturing the business expense deduction, regulations 17267,2 and 24356.7 were adopted January I, 2001. These regulations provide that as of the first day of the taxable year in which a recapture event occurs, the basis of the qualified property shall be increased by the recapture amount. The increase in basis is depreciated over the remaining useful life of the qualified property.

General Information

California has established four types of economic development areas (EDAs) that have related tax incentives:

- Enterprise Zones (EZ);
- Local Agency Military Base Recovery Areas (LAMBRAs):
- Manufacturing Enhancement Areas (MEAs); and
- The Targeted Tax Area (TTA).

A business may qualify for special deductions and credits if it operates or invests in a trade or business located within the geographic boundaries of one of these EDAs.

California statutes require the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) to provide information to the California Legislature and the California Technology, Trade and Commerce Agency (TTCA) regarding the number of businesses using the EDA tax incentives, types of EDA tax incentives being used, and the EDAs in which the businesses are claiming the tax incentives.

Complete items A through J on Form 3809, Side 1, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary, as applicable. This information will be used to meet the FTB's statutory reporting requirement.

For information about:

- EZ tax incentives, get FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Business Booklet;
- LAMBRA tax incentives, get FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Business Booklet: or
- The MEA hiring credit, get FTB 3808, Manufacturing Enhancement Area Business Booklet.

Federal/State Conformity

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 1998. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. California has not conformed to most of the changes made to the IRC by the federal Internal Revenue Service Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-206) and the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999 (Public Law 106-170). California has not conformed to any of the changes made by the Tax and Trade Relief Extension Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-277), the Miscellaneous Trade and Technical Corrections Act of 1999 (Public Law 106-36), the FSC Repeal and Extraterritorial Income Exclusion Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-519), the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2001 (Public Law 106-554), and the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-16).

A Purpose

Use this booklet to determine the correct amount of deductions and credits that a business may claim for operating or investing in a trade or business within the TTA. Complete the worksheets in this booklet for each deduction or credit for which the business is eligible. Then enter the total deductions and credits on form FTB 3809.

B How to Claim Deductions and Credits

To claim any TTA deduction or credit, the business must attach a completed form FTB 3809 to its California tax return.

Attach a separate form FTB 3809 for each business you operate or invest in that is located within the TTA.

- For corporations that operate a business in a TTA, complete all the worksheets except for Worksheet IV, Section C to report credits and deductions incurred.
- For sole proprietors that operate a business in a TTA, complete all the worksheets to report credits and deductions incurred.
- For trusts, estates, partnerships, and LLCs that are classified as partnerships that operate in a TTA, complete Worksheet I through Worksheet III, Worksheet IV, Section A, and form FTB 3809, Side 1 to report credits and deductions incurred.
- Individual investors receiving passthrough TTA credits or the business expense deduction, complete Worksheet IV, Section C, Worksheet VI, form FTB 3809, Side 1. All other investors complete Worksheet IV. Section A. Worksheet VI, and form FTB 3809, Side 1.
- Individual investors receiving a passthrough loss, and having an overall net operating loss, complete Worksheet IV, Section C. Worksheet V. Section A and/or C, form FTB 3809, Side 1. All other investors complete Worksheet IV, Section B, Worksheet V, Section B and/or C, and form FTB 3809, Side 1.

To assist with the processing of the tax return, indicate that the business operates or invests within the TTA by doing the following:

Form 540 filers: Claim TTA tax incentives on

Form 540, line 14 and line 28, as applicable.

Form 540NR Claim TTA tax incentives filers: on Form 540NR, line 14 and line 37, as applicable.

Form 100 filers: Claim TTA tax incentives on Form 100, line 15, line 21,

and line 25 through line 27, as applicable.

Form 100S filers: Claim TTA tax incentives on Form 100S, line 12, line 19,

and line 23 through line 25, as applicable.

Form 100W filers:

Claim TTA tax incentives on Form 100W, line 15, line 21, and line 25 through

line 27, as applicable.

Form 109 filers:

Check the "Yes" box for the EZ, LARZ, LAMBRA, MEA, or TTA question G on the top of Form 109,

Note: Keep all completed worksheets and supporting documents for your records.

Targeted Tax Area **Designation**

The purpose of the TTA is to stimulate development in a selected economically depressed area. Special tax incentives are available to qualified entities and individuals that operate or invest in a business located within the designated TTA.

Businesses operating within the TTA do not need to pre-qualify or receive prior approval to take advantage of these special tax incentives. However, to take advantage of the hiring credit, a completed Form TCA EZ1 must be obtained from the local agency responsible for verifying employee eligibility. Do not file Form TCA EZ1 with your return.

All of the incorporated cities in Tulare County and portions of the unincorporated areas of Tulare County received final designation as the TTA effective November 1, 1998. The eight incorporated cities in Tulare County are:

- Dinuba
- Porterville
- Exeter
- Tulare
- Farmersville Visalia Lindsay
 - Woodlake

Caution: The special tax incentives available to businesses operating within the TTA can only be taken for costs paid or incurred on or after November 1, 1998, and before the designation expires.

Important Considerations

TTA tax incentives apply only to:

- Qualified assets purchased and placed in service on or after November 1, 1998;
- Qualified employees hired on or after November 1, 1998; and/or
- Net operating losses (NOLs) for taxable years beginning on or after November 1, 1998.

Eliaibility

To qualify for any of the tax incentives described above, a taxpayer must meet both of the following requirements:

- 1. Be engaged in a trade or business within the TTA: and
- Be engaged in a line of business described in Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Codes 2000 to 2099, inclusive; 2200 to 3999, inclusive; 4200 to 4299, inclusive; 4500 to 4599, inclusive; and 4700 to 5199. inclusive, of the Standard Industrial Classification Manual published by the United States Office of Management and Budget, 1987 Edition.

In the case of any pass-through entity, the determination of whether a taxpayer is a qualified taxpayer for the business expense deduction, hiring credit, and sales or use tax

credit, is made at the entity level. Any business expense deduction, hiring credit, or sales or use tax credit that is allowed to the pass-through entity is also passed through to the partners or shareholders.

E Geographic Boundaries

The geographic boundaries of the TTA are used to determine whether tax incentives are available to a business in a specified location. Further information about the geographic boundaries of the TTA, Form TCA EZ1 (EZ, LAMBRA, and Targeted Tax Area Hiring Voucher), or other information not related to the tax incentives is available from:

ENTERPRISE ZONE PROGRAMS CALIFORNIA TECHNOLOGY, TRADE AND COMMERCE AGENCY 801 K STREET SUITE 1700 SACRAMENTO CA 95814

Telephone: (916) 324-8211 FAX: (916) 322-7214

Website: www.commerce.ca.gov

If your business is located within and outside the TTA, see Part IV for instructions on how to apportion income.

Forms Table

Schedule C

Schedule K-1

Schedule K-1

Schedule K-1

Schedule K-1

(100S)

(100S)

(541)

(565)

(568)

The titles of forms referred to in this booklet are:

Form 100	California Corporation Franchise or Income Tax Return
Form 100S	California S Corporation
Form 100W	Franchise or Income Tax Return California Corporation Franchise or Income Tax Return —
Form 109	Water's-Edge Filers California Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return
Form 540	California Resident Income Tax Return
Form 540NR	California Nonresident or Part- Year Resident Income Tax Return
Form 541	California Fiduciary Income Tax Return
Form 565	Partnership Return of Income
Form 568	Limited Liability Company
101111 000	Return of Income
Schedule CA	California Adjustments —
(540)	Residents
Schedule CA	California Adjustments —
(540NR)	Nonresidents or Part-Year
(/	Residents
Schedule P	Alternative Minimum Tax and
	Credit Limitations
Schedule R	Apportionment and Allocation of
	Income
FTB Pub. 1061	Guidelines for Corporations filing a Combined Report
0 1 1 1 0	

S Corporation Tax Credit

Deductions, Credits, etc.

Deductions, Credits, etc.

Partner's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc.

Member's Share of Income,

Deductions, Credits, etc.

Shareholder's Share of Income,

Beneficiary's Share of Income,

Instructions for Qualified Taxpayer's Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code Activity

The FTB implemented the new Principal Business Activity (PBA) code chart that is based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 1997 Edition. The PBA codes are listed on page 24 through page 26. However, for purposes of qualifying for the TTA hiring credit, refer to page 21 through page 23 for a list of qualified SIC codes. The PBA and NAICS codes cannot be used. Do not enter the PBA code from your state or federal tax return.

Enter the SIC code of the establishment that qualifies you to take this credit on form FTB 3809, Side 1. If your enterprise has more than one establishment, and if more than one of the establishments qualifies you to take this credit, enter the SIC code that best represents your primary qualifying establishment.

Instructions for items A through J

For corporations, estates, trusts, partnerships, LLCs classified as partnerships, exempt organizations, and sole proprietors who operate businesses in the TTA, complete items A through J.

Investors of pass-through entities, complete items A through D. See page 27.

Part I **Hiring Credit**

Qualified employers conducting a trade or business within the TTA may claim the hiring credit for a qualified employee. A qualified employee is an individual who:

- Was hired on or after November 1, 1998, (see General Information C, Targeted Tax Area Designation);
- Spends at least 90% of his or her work time (for the qualified employer) on activities directly related to the conduct of a trade or business located within the TTA:
- Performs at least 50% of the work (for the qualified employer) within the boundaries of the TTA; and
- Was at the time of hire:
 - 1. A person receiving or eligible to receive subsidized employment, training, or services funded by the federal Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) or its successor;
 - 2. A person eligible to be a voluntary or mandatory registrant under the Greater Avenues for Independence Act of 1985 (GAIN) or its successor;
 - 3. A member of a targeted group as defined in the federal Work Opportunity Tax Credit (WOTC) or its successor;
 - An economically disadvantaged individual 14 years of age or older;
 - A qualified dislocated worker;

- A disabled individual eligible for, enrolled in, or who completed a state rehabilitation plan;
- 7. A service-connected disabled veteran;
- 8. A veteran of the Vietnam era;
- 9. A veteran who recently separated from military service;
- 10. An ex-offender;
- 11. A person eligible for or a recipient of:
 - Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits;
 - Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC);
 - Food stamps; or
 - State and local general assistance;
- 12. A Native American; or
- 13. A resident of the TTA.

For additional information, refer to the Federal Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) or its successor, the Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Employers hiring qualified employees must get Form TCA EZ1 from the local agency responsible for verifying employee eligibility. Contact the local TTA coordinator for more information on the local agency and verification process.

The percentage of wages used to compute the credit depends on the number of years the employee works for the employer in the TTA. The applicable percentage begins at 50% and declines 10% for each year of employment. After the fifth year of employment, no credit can be generated.

Wages that qualify for the hiring credit are those wages paid or incurred to hire a qualified employee for the consecutive 60-month period beginning on the first day the employee commenced employment with the employer. For an employer that operates a business that has regularly occurring seasonal or intermittent employment decreases and increases, reemployment of an individual is not a new hire; rather, it is a continuation of the prior employment and does not constitute commencement of employment for the qualified wages test.

The credit is based on the smaller of the following:

- The actual hourly rate paid or incurred by the employer for work performed by the employee during the taxable year; or
- 150% of the minimum hourly wage established by the Industrial Welfare Commission.

Where the California minimum wage is higher than the federal minimum wage, the California minimum wage is used for purposes of computing the TTA hiring credit. Effective January 1, 2001, the established minimum wage is \$6.25 per hour. Effective January 1, 2002, the minimum wage is increased to \$6.75 per hour. For purposes of computing the TTA hiring credit, 150% of the minimum wage is \$9.37 per hour (\$10.12 beginning January 1, 2002).

Example:

John Anderson was hired January 1, 2001. John's hourly rate for month 1 was \$7.00. At the beginning of month 2, his hourly rate increased to \$8.00. For month 3, John's hourly rate increased to \$10.00. The hourly rate that qualifies for the credit is limited to 150% of the minimum wage, or currently \$9.37 per hour.

Month(s)	Hours x per month	Hourly = rate	Qualified wages per month
1	175	\$7.00	\$1,225.00
2	170	8.00	\$1,360.00
3	170	9.37	\$1,592.90

Record Keeping

Retain a copy of Form TCA EZ1 to substantiate an individual's eligibility as a "qualified employee." In addition, for each qualified employee, keep a schedule of the first 60 months of employment showing (at least):

- · Employee's name;
- Date the employee was hired;
- Number of hours the employee worked for each month of employment;
- Smaller of the hourly rate of pay for each month of employment or 150% of the minimum wage;
- Location of the employee's job site and duties performed;
- Records of any other federal or state subsidies received for hiring the qualified employee; and
- Total qualified wages per month for each month of employment.

Instructions for Worksheet I — Hiring Credit & Recapture

Section A - Credit Computation

Line 1, column (a) – Enter the name of each qualified employee. Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 1, column (b) through column (d) — Enter in the appropriate column, the qualified wages paid or incurred during the taxable year to each employee listed in column (a).

Line 2, column (b) through column (d) – Add the amounts in each column.

Line 3, column (b) through column (d) – Multiply the total in each column of line 2 by the percentage in each column.

Line 4

- A. For partnerships and LLCs classified as partnerships, enter the amount from line 4 on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part I, line 1a. Include the current year hiring credit amount on Form 565 and Form 568, Schedule K, line 14 and the distributive share of the credit to partners and members on Schedule K-1 line 14. In addition, add the entire amount of the credit on Schedule K, line 1, column (c).
- B. For corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts, enter the amount from line 4 on form FTB 3809, Side 2, Worksheet VI, as follows:

- Part II, line 8B, column (b) for corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts;
- Part III, line 10, column (b) for S corporations; or
- Part IV, line 12, column (b) for corporations and S corporations subject to paying only the minimum franchise tax.

Credit Limitations

- The amount of hiring credit claimed may not exceed the amount of tax on TTA business income in any year. Use Worksheet VI on Side 2 of form FTB 3809 to compute the credit limitation.
- In the case where the business is qualified to take the TTA hiring credit as well as another credit (e.g., EZ, MEA, or LAMBRA hiring credit) for the same wage expense, the business may claim only one credit.
- S corporations are allowed only 1/3 of the TTA hiring credit by operation of law. 2/3 of the credit is lost and the remaining 1/3 can be carried over if it cannot be used in the current year.

Section B – Credit Recapture

The employer must recapture (add back to the tax liability) the amount of credit attributable to an employee's wages if the employer terminates the employee at any time during the longer of:

- The first 270 days of employment (whether or not consecutive); or
- 90 days of employment plus 270 calendar days.

Employers of seasonal employees must recapture the amount of credit attributable to a seasonal employee's wages if the employer terminates employment before the completion of 270 days of employment during the 60-month period beginning the day the employee commences employment with the employer.

A "day of employment" means any day for which the employee receives wage compensation (including a paid sick day, holiday, or vacation day).

The employer must add to the current year's tax the amount of credit claimed in the year of termination and all prior years in which the credit was claimed for the terminated employee.

Note: The credit recapture does not apply if the termination of employment was:

- Voluntary on the part of the employee;
- In response to misconduct of the employee:
- Caused by the employee becoming disabled (unless the employee was able to return to work and the employer did not offer to reemploy the individual);
- Carried out so that other qualified individuals could be hired, creating a net increase in both the number of qualified employees and the number of hours worked: or
- Due to a substantial reduction in the employer's trade or business operations.

Note: Enter the name(s) of employee(s) even if one of the above exceptions to recapture is met.

Line 1, column (a) - Enter the name of the terminated employee(s). Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 1, column (b) - Enter the amount of credit recapture for each employee listed in column (a).

Line 2 - Enter the amount from line 2, column (b) on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part V, line 5.

Also, include the amount of hiring credit recapture on your California tax return or schedule as follows:

- Form 100, Schedule J, line 5;
- Form 100S, Schedule J, line 5 and Schedule K-1 (100S), line 23;
- Form 100W, Schedule J, line 5;
- Form 109, Schedule K, line 4;
- Form 540, line 36;
- Form 540NR, line 45;
- Form 541, line 21b and Schedule K-1 (541), line 11e;

- Form 565, Schedule K, line 22 and Schedule K-1 (565), line 22; or
- Form 568. Schedule K. line 22 and Schedule K-1 (568), line 22.

Indicate that you included the hiring credit recapture on your tax return by writing "FTB 3809" in the space provided on the schedule or form.

Partnerships and LLCs classified as partnerships must identify the recapture amounts for their partners and members on Schedule K-1 (565 or 568).

S corporation shareholders must recapture the portion of the credit that was previously claimed, based on the terminated employee's wages. S corporations must also identify the recapture amount for shareholders on Schedule K-1 (100S). This amount will differ from the amount recaptured by the S corporation on Form 100S, Schedule J.

V	Vorksheet I Hiring Credit & Recaptur	e — Targeted Tax	Area			
	ection A Credit Computation	<u> </u>				
			Qualified wages p	aid or incurred for y	ear of employment	
	(a) Employee's name	(b) 1st year	(c) 2nd year	(d) 3rd year	(e) 4th year	(f) 5th year
1						
2	Total. See instructions	F0	40	20	00	10
3	Multiply line 2 by the percentage for each column. See instructions	.50	.40	.30	.20	.10
4	Add the amounts on line 3, column (b) through Note: You cannot take the TTA hiring credit as					
S	ection B Credit Recapture					
		(a) employee's name			(b) Recapture	amount
1						
2	Total amount of credit recapture. Add the amoureport on your California tax return					

Part II Sales or Use Tax Credit

Individuals, estates, trusts, partnerships, and LLCs classified as partnerships may claim an annual credit equal to the sales or use tax paid or incurred to purchase up to \$1 million of qualified property per taxable year.

Corporations may claim a credit equal to the sales or use tax paid or incurred to purchase up to \$20 million of qualified property per taxable year. Individuals who are S corporation shareholders may claim their pro-rata share of pass-through credit to the extent the S corporation paid or incurred sales or use tax to purchase up to \$1 million of qualified property. See the example in the third column of this page.

Qualified property is machinery or machinery parts used to:

- Manufacture, process, fabricate, or otherwise assemble a product;
- Produce renewable energy resources; or
- · Control air or water pollution.

In addition, qualified property is:

- Data processing and communications equipment including, but not limited to, computers, computer-automated drafting systems, copy machines, telephone systems, and fax machines; and
- Motion picture manufacturing equipment central to production and postproduction including, but not limited to, cameras, audio recorders, and digital image and sound processing equipment.

The business must use the property **exclusively** within the boundaries of the TTA. Qualified property must be purchased and placed in service after the TTA received its designation and before the TTA designation expires.

The use tax paid or incurred on purchases of property outside California qualifies for the credit only if property of a comparable quality and price was not timely available in California at the time it was purchased.

Leased Property

The sales tax paid or incurred on qualified property being purchased using a financial (conditional sales) contract qualifies for the sales or use tax credit.

To determine whether the lease qualifies as a purchase rather than a true lease, see Revenue Ruling 55-540, 1955-2 C.B. 39, and FTB Legal Ruling 94-2, March 23, 1994.

Credit Limitations

- The amount of sales or use tax credit claimed may not exceed the amount of tax on the TTA business income in any year.
- Any unused credit may be carried over and applied against the tax on TTA business income in future years until exhausted.
- In the case where the business is qualified to take the TTA sales or use tax credit as well as another state credit (e.g. enterprise zone sales or use tax credit, manufacturers' investment credit, or LAMBRA sales or use tax credit) for the same piece of property, the business may only claim one credit for that property.

Depreciation

Any taxpayer that claims this credit cannot increase the basis of the qualified property with respect to the sales or use tax paid or incurred in connection with the purchase of qualified property.

To compute the difference between California and federal depreciation, use the following forms or schedules:

- Form 100 or Form 100W filers FTB 3885, Corporation Depreciation and Amortization;
- Form 100S filers Schedule B (100S), S Corporation Depreciation and Amortization;
- Form 109 filers Form 109, Schedule J, Depreciation.

Note: Exempt trusts use FTB 3885F, Depreciation and Amortization;

- Form 540 and Form 540NR filers –
 FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization
 Individuals:
- Form 541 filers FTB 3885F, Depreciation and Amortization — Fiduciaries;
- Form 565 filers FTB 3885P, Depreciation and Amortization — Partnerships; or
- Form 568 filers FTB 3885L, Depreciation and Amortization — Limited Liability Companies.

Record Keeping

To support the sales or use tax credit claimed, keep all records that document the purchase of the qualified property, such as the sales receipt and proof of payment. Additionally, keep all records that identify or describe:

- The property purchased (such as serial numbers, etc.);
- The amount of sales or use tax paid or incurred on its purchase;

- The location where it is used; and
- If purchased from a manufacturer located outside California, records to substantiate that property of comparable quality and price was not timely available for purchase in California.

Example:

XYZ Inc., an S corporation, purchases qualified property for \$20 million (\$20 m.). The sales tax rate is 6% (.06) and the entity-level tax rate is 1.5% (.015).

The credit allowed XYZ Inc. and the depreciable basis of the qualified property for XYZ Inc. are computed as follows:

·		Depreciable basis
Qualified property	\$20 m.	\$20 m.
Sales tax paid		
(\$20 m. x .06)	1.2 m.	+1.2 m.
Sales or use tax credit		
allowed XYZ Inc.	1.2 m.	<u>(1.2 m.)</u>
Depreciable basis of qu		
property for XYZ Inc		\$20 m.
Credit allowed to offset	the	
entity-level tax (\$1.2	m. x 1/3)	\$0.4 m.
XY7 Inc. has two 50%:	shareholde	ers. The

XYZ Inc. has two 50% shareholders. The credit passed through to the shareholders and the depreciable basis of the qualified property for the shareholders are computed as follows:

	,	Depreciable basis
Qualified property		
(purchased by		
XYZ Inc.)	\$20 m.	\$20 m.
Sales tax		
(paid by XYZ Inc.)	1.2 m.	+1.2 m.
Maximum qualified cos	sts	
for sales or use		
tax credit	1 m.	
Sales or use tax credit		
allowed the share-		
holders		
(\$1 m. x .06)	.06 m.	(.06 m.)
Depreciable basis of q	ualified	
property for the		
shareholders		\$21.14 m.
	allowed	Ψ=
Total amount of credit	anoweu	<u> </u>
the shareholders		\$.06 m.

Note: Each shareholder is allowed a passed through credit of \$30,000 (.06 m. \div 2 = .03 m.) sales or use tax credit.

Instructions for Worksheet II - Sales or Use Tax Credit

Line 1, column (a) - List the items of qualified property purchased during the year. For each item, provide the location (street address and city) of its use. Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 1, column (b) - Enter the cost of the property listed in column (a).

Line 1, column (c) - Enter the amount of sales or use tax paid or incurred on the property listed in column (a).

Line 2, column (b) - Add the amounts in line 1, column (b).

Caution: This amount cannot exceed \$1 million for individuals, estates and trusts, partnerships, or LLCs classified as partnerships or \$20 million for corporations per taxable year. When computing the amount of credit to pass through to S corporation shareholders, use \$1 million limitation.

Line 2, column (c)

A. For partnerships and LLCs classified as partnerships, enter the amount from line 2, column (c), on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part I, line 1b. Also, include the current year sales or use tax credit amount on Form 565 and Form 568, Schedule K, line 14 and the distributive share of the credit to partners and members on Schedule K-1 line 14.

- B. For corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts, enter the amount from line 2, column (c) on form FTB 3809, Side 2, Worksheet VI, as follows:
 - Part II, line 9B, column (b) for corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts:
 - Part III, line 11, column (b) for S corporations; or
 - Part IV, line 13, column (b) for corporations and S corporations subject to paying only the minimum franchise tax.

Caution: Only the sales or use tax paid or incurred on the cost of qualified property up to the limitations in column (b) may be claimed as a credit.

7	Worksheet II Sales or Use Tax Credit — Targeted Tax Area			
	(a) Property description and location		(b) Cost	(c) Sales or use tax
1				
2	Total the amounts in column (b) and column (c). See instructions	. 2		

Part III Business Expense Deduction

Certain businesses conducting a qualified trade or business within the TTA may elect to treat 40% of the eligible cost of qualified property as a business expense rather than a capital expense. For the year the property is placed in service, the business may deduct the eligible cost in the current year rather than depreciate it over several years.

Note: The TTA business expense deduction is not allowed for estates and trusts.

Qualified property is any recovery property that is IRC Section 1245 property which includes, but is not limited to, tangible personal property (excluding buildings) and most equipment and furnishings acquired by purchase after the TTA received its final designation and before the designation expires for exclusive use within the TTA. Office supplies and other small nondepreciable items are not included.

The maximum aggregate cost of the qualified property against which the 40% deduction may be claimed in any taxable year is determined by the number of taxable years that have elapsed since the TTA received its final designation. The TTA received final designation on November 1, 1998.

The maximum aggregate cost is:

Taxable year of designation \$100,000
1st taxable year after designation \$100,000
2nd taxable year after designation \$75,000
3rd taxable year after designation \$75,000
Each remaining taxable year
after designation

Election

The business must elect to treat the cost of qualified property as a business expense in the year the property is first placed in service. However, the TTA business expense deduction is not allowed if the property was:

- Transferred between members of an affiliated group;
- · Acquired as a gift or inherited;
- Traded for other property;
- Received from a personal or business relation as defined in IRC Section 267 or 707(b); or
- Described in IRC Section 168(f).

Note: The TTA business expense deduction must be claimed by making an election on the original return filed, and thus cannot be claimed on an amended return. Such an election cannot be revoked without the written consent of the FTB.

A husband and wife filing separate returns may each claim 50% of the allowable deduction. In the case of a partnership, the 40% limitation applies to the partnership and to each partner.

Depreciation

If the business elects to deduct the amount computed in Worksheet III, Section A, as a

business expense, the depreciable basis of the property must be reduced by the deduction.

Subtract the amount claimed as a business expense from the basis or cost of the property and depreciate the remaining basis or cost.

Normal depreciation is allowed on the cost of the property in excess of the expensed amount, starting with the taxable year following the taxable year the property was placed in service.

Corporations may not claim the additional first-year depreciation allowed under R&TC Section 24356 on any item of property if any portion of it was deducted as a business expense. All other taxpayers cannot claim the deduction allowed under IRC Section 179 on any item of property if any portion of it was deducted as a business expense.

To compute the difference between California and federal depreciation, use the following forms or schedules:

- Form 100 and Form 100W filers FTB 3885, Corporation Depreciation and Amortization;
- Form 100S filers Schedule B (100S), S Corporation Depreciation and Amortization;
- Form 109 filers Form 109, Schedule J, Depreciation;
- Form 540 and Form 540NR filers FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization — Individuals:
- Form 565 filers FTB 3885P, Depreciation and Amortization — Partnerships; or
- Form 568 filers FTB 3885L, Depreciation and Amortization — Limited Liability Companies.

Instructions for Worksheet III — Business Expense Deduction & Recapture

Section A – Deduction Computation

Line 2, column (a) – Enter a description of the property and the location (street address and city) of its use. Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 2, column (b) – Enter the cost of the property listed in column (a).

Line 5 – Enter the amount from line 5, column (b) on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part II, line 2, and on your California tax return or schedule as follows:

- Form 100 and Form 100W, line 15;
- Form 100S, line 12, Form 100S, Schedule K, line 8, and Schedule K-1 (100S), line 8;
- Form 109, Part II, line 24;
- Schedule CA (540), column B, on the applicable line for your business activity;
- Schedule CA (540NR), column B, on the applicable line for your business activity;
- Form 565, Schedule K, line 9 and Schedule K-1 (565), line 9; or

 Form 568, Schedule K, line 9 and Schedule K-1 (568), line 9.

Note: If filing Form 540 or Form 540NR, indicate that you are claiming the business expense deduction by writing "FTB 3809" above the dotted line to the left of the amount entered on Form 540, line 14 or Form 540NR, line 14.

Section B – Deduction Recapture

The deduction is subject to recapture (added back to income) if, before the close of the second taxable year after the property was placed in service, the property is sold, disposed of, or no longer used exclusively in the TTA trade or business.

Income Adjustment: Add to current year income the amount previously deducted for the property.

Basis Adjustment: As of the first day of the taxable year in which the recapture event occurs, the recapture amount is added back to the basis in the year of recapture and then depreciated over the remaining life of the qualified property.

Line 1, column (a) – Enter a description of the property. Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 1, column (b) – Enter the amount of the business expense deduction claimed for each property listed in column (a).

Line 2 – Enter the total on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part V, line 6, and on your California tax return or schedule as follows:

- Form 100, line 15, as a **negative** amount;
- Form 100S, line 12, as a negative amount, Form 100S, Schedule K, line 6, and Schedule K-1 (100S), line 6;
- Form 100W, line 15, as a **negative** amount;
- Form 109, Part I, line 12;
- Schedule CA (540), column C, on the applicable line for your business activity;
- Schedule CA (540NR), column C, on the applicable line for your business activity;
- Form 565, Schedule K, line 7 and Schedule K-1 (565), line 7; or
- Form 568, Schedule K, line 7 and Schedule K-1 (568), line 7.

Note: If filing Form 540 or Form 540NR, indicate that you are recapturing the business expense deduction by writing "FTB 3809" above the dotted line to the left of the amount entered on Form 540, line 16 or Form 540NR, line 16.

Example:

XYZ Inc. purchased a property on June 1, 1999 that qualified corporation to take the TTA business expense deduction. The property was purchased for \$10,000 and it had a useful life of five years. XYZ Inc.'s tax year ends December 31 of each year. The corporation had a business expense deduction of \$4,000 for the tax year ending 12/31/99 on the property.

Assume the corporation disposes of the property or no longer uses the property in the TTA on August 5, 2001. The property was placed in service in 1999. The first year after the property was placed in service was the 2000 tax year. The second year after the property was placed in service was the 2001 tax year. Since the property was disposed of or no longer used in the TTA before the end of the second year (12/31/01) after the year the property was placed in service, the business expense deduction (\$4,000) must be added to income in the 2001 tax year. If the property was disposed of or no longer used in the TTA after 12/31/01, there is no recapture.

Situation 1

Assume on 8/5/01, the corporation sells the asset. To compute the gain or loss on the sale, the basis of the asset is increased by the recapture amount of \$4,000.

Situation 2

Assume on 8/5/01, the corporation discontinued using the property in the zone, but does not sell the asset. To compute depreciation on the asset, the recapture amount is added to the remaining basis of the asset, and depreciation is then computed over the remainder of the useful life of the asset.

Assuming straight line depreciation is used, the corporation will recognize \$2,833 (\$8,500/3) in depreciation expense in 2001. (\$8,500 is arrived at by adding the \$4,000 recapture amount to the \$4,500 remaining basis as of 12/31/00)

Worksheet II Business Expense Deduction & Recapture — Targeted Tax Area		
Section A Deduction Computation		
 The maximum aggregate deduction: Taxable year of designation, enter \$40,000; 1st taxable year after designation, enter \$40,000; 2nd taxable year after designation, enter \$30,000; 3rd taxable year after designation, enter \$30,000 	1	
(a) Property description and location		(b) Cost
2		
3 Total. Add the amounts on line 2, column (b)	3	
 Multiply line 3 by 40% (.40) Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 4. This is the maximum amount deductible as a business expense for the TTA. See instructions 	5	
Section B Deduction Recapture		
(a) Property description		(b) Recapture amount
1		
2 Total recapture amount. Add the amounts on line 1, column (b). See instructions	2	

Part IV Doing Business Totally Within the Targeted Tax Area or Within and Outside the Targeted Tax Area

TTA tax credits are limited to the tax on business income attributable to operations within the TTA. TTA deductions are limited to business income attributable to operations within the TTA. If the business is located within and outside the TTA, the taxpayer must determine the portion of total business operations that are attributable to the TTA.

Business Income vs. Nonbusiness Income

Only business income is apportioned to the TTA to determine the incentive limitation. TTA tax credits are limited to tax on business income attributable to the operations within the TTA. TTA deductions are limited to business income attributable to operations within the TTA.

Business income is defined as income arising from transactions and activities in the regular course of the trade or business. Business income includes income from tangible and intangible property if the acquisition, management, and disposition of the property constitute integral parts of the regular trade or business operations. Nonbusiness income is all income other than business income. Get Title 18 Cal. Code Reg. Section 25120 for further references and examples of nonbusiness income.

For an individual, business income includes, but is not limited to, California business income or loss from Schedules C, D, D-1 (or federal Form 4797, Sales of Business Property, if you did not have to file a Schedule D-1), E, and F, as well as wages. Be sure to include casualty losses, disaster losses, and any business deductions reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule A as itemized deductions.

In essence, all income which arises from the conduct of trade or business operations of a taxpayer is business income.

Note: If you elected to carry back part or all of your current year disaster loss under IRC Section 165(i)(1), do not include the amount of the loss that was carried back in your current year business income for the TTA.

Pass-through entities must report to their shareholders, beneficiaries, partners, and members:

- The distributive (or pro-rata for S corporations) share of the business income apportioned to the TTA; and
- The distributive (or pro-rata for S corporations) share of the business capital gains and losses apportioned to the TTA included in item 1.

These items should be reported using the appropriate California schedules listed below:

- Schedule K-1 (100S), line 23;
- Schedule K-1 (541), line 11e;
- Schedule K-1 (565), line 22; or
- Schedule K-1 (568), line 22.

Form 540 and Form 540NR filers, refer to Worksheet IV, Section C to compute business income apportioned to the TTA.

For business entities, including sole proprietors, use Worksheet IV, Section A or B to compute business income or loss apportioned to the TTA.

Apportionment

Business income is apportioned to the TTA by multiplying the total California business income of the taxpayer by a fraction. The numerator which is the property factor plus the payroll factor, and the denominator which is two. Loss is apportioned to the TTA by multiplying the taxpayer's net business operating loss from all sources by a fraction. The numerator which is the property factor plus the payroll factor, and the denominator which is two.

Property Factor

Property factor is defined as the average value of all real and tangible personal property owned or rented by the taxpayer and used during the taxable year to produce business income.

Note: Property is included in the factor if it was available for use during the taxable year.

Property owned by the business is valued at its original cost. **Original cost** is the basis of the property for federal income tax purposes (prior to any federal adjustment) at the time of acquisition by the business, adjusted for subsequent capital additions or improvements and partial dispositions because of sale or exchange. Allowance for depreciation is not considered.

Rented property is valued at eight times the net annual rental rate. The net annual rental rate for any item of rented property is the total rent paid for the property, less total annual subrental rates paid by subtenants.

The **numerator** of the property factor is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented by the taxpayer and used within the TTA during the taxable year to produce TTA business income (column (b)).

When determining **income** apportionment on Worksheet IV, Section A, the **denominator** of the property factor is the total average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used during the taxable year within California (column (a)).

When determining **loss** apportionment on Worksheet IV, Section B, the **denominator** of the property factor is the total average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used during the year in all business operation locations.

Payroll Factor

Payroll is defined as the total amount paid to the business's employees for compensation for the production of business income during the taxable year.

Compensation means wages, salaries, commissions, and any other form of remuneration paid directly to employees for personal services.

Payments made to independent contractors or any other person not properly classified as an employee are excluded.

Compensation Within the TTA

Compensation is considered to be within the TTA if any one of the following tests is met:

- The employee's services are performed within the geographical boundaries of the TTA; or
- The employee's services are performed within and outside the TTA, but the services performed outside the TTA are incidental to the employee's service within the TTA.

Incidental means any temporary or transitory service performed in connection with an isolated transaction.

- If the employee's services are performed within and outside the TTA, the employee's compensation will be attributed to the TTA if:
 - A. The employee's base of operations is within the TTA; or
 - B. There is no base of operations in any other part of the state in which some part of the service is performed, but the place from which the service is directed or controlled is within the TTA; or
 - C. The base of operations or the place from which the service is directed or controlled is not in any other part of the state in which some part of the service is performed but the employee's residence is within the TTA.

Base of operations is the permanent place from which employees start work and customarily return in order to receive instruction from the taxpayer or communications from their customers or persons; to replenish stock or other material; to repair equipment; or to perform any other functions necessary in the exercise of their trade or profession at some other point or points.

The **numerator** of the payroll factor is the total compensation paid to employees for working within the TTA during the taxable year (column (b)).

When determining **income** apportionment on Worksheet IV, Section A, the **denominator** of the payroll factor is the taxpayer's total compensation paid to employees working in California (column (a)).

When determining **loss** apportionment on Worksheet IV, Section B, the **denominator** of the payroll factor is the taxpayer's total compensation paid to employees working in all business operation locations.

Corporations Which File a Combined Report Business income for each corporation doing business in the TTA will be its business income apportioned to California (see FTB Pub. 1061 for further information on combined reports and entity income apportionment). The TTA property and payroll factors used in the determination of TTA income includes only the taxpayer's California amounts in the denominator.

Example: Computation of TTA income assigned to each entity operating within the TTA

Parent Corporation A has two subsidiaries. B and C. Corporations A and B operate within the TTA. The combined group operates within and outside California and apportions its income to California using Schedule R. Assume the combined group's business income apportioned to California was \$1,000,000 and Corporation A and B's share of business income assigned to California is \$228,000 and \$250,000 respectively. Corporation A and B's separate TTA and separate California property and payroll factor amounts are shown on this page.

Business income apportioned to the TTA is determined as follows:

	Α			В
Property Factor				
TTA Property	\$1	.000,000	\$	800,000
California Property	\$1	.000,000	\$1	1,200,000
Apportionment %		100%		66.66%
Payroll Factor				
TTA Payroll	\$	800,000	\$	800,000
California Payroll	\$	800,000	\$1	,000,000
Apportionment %		100%		80%
Average Apport. %		100%		73.33%
(Property + Payroll Fac	ctors	3)		
2		-		
Apportioned				
Business Income	\$	228,000	\$	250,000
TTA Income	\$	228,000	\$	183,333

Instructions for Worksheet IV

Section A - Income **Apportionment**

Note: If the business operates solely within the TTA and all its property and payroll are solely within the TTA, you do not have to complete this worksheet. Enter 100% (1.00) on line 4 of Sections A and B, column (c).

Use Worksheet IV, Section A, Income Apportionment, to determine the amount of business income apportioned to the TTA. The TTA business income determines the amount of the tax incentives that can be used.

Only California source business income is apportioned to the TTA. A taxpayer's TTA business income is its California apportioned business income multiplied by the specific TTA apportionment percentage.

The TTA property and payroll factors used in the determination of apportionable business income include only the taxpayer's California amounts in the denominator.

Section A Income Apportionment			
Use Worksheet IV, Section A, if your business has net income from sources within and outside the TTA.	(a) Total within California	(b) Total within the TTA	(c) Percentage within the TTA (column (b) ÷ column (a))
PROPERTY FACTOR			<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>
1 Average yearly value of owned real and tangible personal			
property used in the business (at original cost). See			<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
instructions. Exclude property not connected with the			<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>
business and the value of construction in progress.			<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>
Inventory			
Buildings			
Machinery and equipment			
Furniture and fixtures			
Delivery equipment			
Land			
Other tangible assets (attach schedule)			\/////////////////////////////////////
Rented property used in the business. See instructions			\ <i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
for more information			
Total property values			
PAYROLL FACTOR			
2 Employees' wages, salaries, commissions, and other			
compensation related to business income included in			
the return.			
Total payroll			
3 Total percentage (sum of the percentages in column (c))			
4 Average apportionment percentage (1/2 of line 3).			
Enter here and on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 4			1

Note: The average apportionment percentage shown on line 4 represents the portion of the taxpayer's total business that is attributable to activities conducted within the TTA. Also, those factors with zero balances in the totals of column (a) will not be included in the computation of the average apportionment percentage. For example, if the taxpayer does not have any payroll within or outside the TTA, then the average apportionment percentage would be computed by dividing line 3 by one instead of by two as normally instructed.

Section B – Loss Apportionment

Use Worksheet IV, Section B, Loss Apportionment, to determine your net operating loss apportioned to the TTA. A taxpayer's TTA net operating loss is its net business operating loss from all sources multiplied by the specific TTA apportionment percentage computed in Worksheet IV, Section B.

The TTA property and payroll factors used in the determination of the apportioned business net operating loss include worldwide amounts in the denominator.

Worksheet IV (continued)			
Section B Loss Apportionment (For the computation of cu	ırrent year net operating loss o	nly)	
Use Worksheet IV, Section B, if your business has net losses from sources within and outside the TTA.	(a) Total within and outside the TTA	(b) Total within the TTA	(c) Percentage within the TTA (column (b) ÷ column (a))
PROPERTY FACTOR			
1 Average yearly value of owned real and tangible personal			
property used in the business (at original cost). See			
instructions. Exclude property not connected with the			
business and the value of construction in progress.			
Inventory			<i>\$////////////////////////////////////</i>
Buildings			<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
Machinery and equipment			
Furniture and fixtures			
Delivery equipment			
Land			
Other tangible assets (attach schedule)			
Rented property used in the business. See instructions			
for more information			
Total property values			
PAYROLL FACTOR			
2 Employees' wages, salaries, commissions, and other			
compensation related to business income included in			
the return.			
Total payroll			
3 Total percentage (sum of the percentages in column (c))			
4 Average apportionment percentage (1/2 of line 3).			
Enter here and on Worksheet V, Section B, line 4			

Note: The average apportionment percentage shown on line 4 represents the portion of the taxpayer's total business that is attributable to activities conducted within the TTA. Also, those factors with zero balances in the totals of column (a) will not be included in the computation of the average apportionment percentage. For example, if the taxpayer does not have any payroll within or outside the TTA, then the average apportionment percentage would be computed by dividing line 3 by one instead of by two as normally instructed.

Section C – Income or Loss

Form 540 and Form 540NR filers, use Worksheet IV, Section C to determine the amount to enter on:

- Worksheet V, Section A, line 1;
- Worksheet V, Section C, line 1 and line 6; and
- Worksheet VI, Part I, line 1 and line 3.

Do not include disaster losses in any amounts used in the table.

Only California source business income is apportioned to the TTA. A taxpayer's TTA business income is its California apportioned business income computed using Schedule R. multiplied by the specific TTA apportionment percentage computed using Worksheet IV, Section A.

The first step is to determine which portion of the taxpaver's net income is "business income" and which portion is "nonbusiness income," since only business income may be apportioned to the TTA. See Part IV, Doing Business Totally Within the Targeted Tax Area or Within and Outside the Targeted Tax Area, for a complete discussion of business and nonbusiness income.

Business income or loss reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, and other schedules are reported on line 6 through line 9. Line 11 and line 12 report business gains or losses reported on Schedule D and Schedule D-1. All business income and losses should be adjusted for any differences between California and federal amounts as shown on the Schedule CA.

Part I Individual Income and **Expense Items**

Wages

Taxpayers with wages from a company located within and outside the TTA must determine the TTA wage income by entering the percentage of the time that they worked within the TTA in column (b) (during the period for which the wages entered on line 1 were earned). This percentage must be determined based on their record of time and events such as a travel log or entries in a daily planner.

Part II Pass-Through Income or Loss

Multiple Pass-Through Entities

If you are a shareholder, beneficiary, partner, or member in multiple pass-through entities with businesses located within and outside the TTA from which you received TTA tax incentives, see the example in the next column for computing business income in the TTA.

Example:

Pass-through entity	Trade or business income from Schedule K-1 (100S, 541, 565, or 568)	Entity's TTA apportionment percentage	TTA apportioned income
ABC, Inc.	\$40,000	80%	\$32,000
A, B, & C	30,000	10%	3,000
ABC, LLC	10,000	50%	5,000
Total			\$40,000

Part III Taxpayer's Trade or **Business**

Business Income or Loss

Use business income or loss from federal Form 1040 Schedules C. C-EZ, E. and F. plus California adjustments from Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) for each trade or business. Also, include business capital gains and losses from Schedule D and business gains and losses from Schedule D-1.

Income Computation

To compute the TTA Income Worksheet V, Section C, and Worksheet VI, you must complete Worksheet IV. Section C. The instructions below refer to Worksheet IV. Section C.

Located Entirely Within the TTA

Line 6 - Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other schedule is entirely within the TTA, enter the income or loss from this activity within column (a), and enter 1.00 in column (b).

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 (as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR)) was attributed to an asset used in an activity conducted entirely within the TTA, enter the gain or loss reported in column (a), and enter 1.00 in column (b).

Located Entirely Within California

Line 6 - Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other schedule is entirely within California, enter the income or loss from this activity in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section A. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 (as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR)) was attributed to an asset used in an activity conducted entirely within California, enter the gain or loss reported in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage figure in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section A. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Located Within and Outside the TTA and California

Line 6 - Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other schedule is within and outside the TTA and California, get Schedule R and complete line 1 through line 13b. Enter the amount from Schedule R, line 13b in column (a) of this worksheet. To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section A. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV. Section C. column (b)

Note: When computing Schedule R, disregard any reference to Form 100, Form 100W, Form 565, or Form 568. Also, disregard any reference to Schedule R-3, Schedule R-4, or Schedule R-5, and skip line 11.

Nonresidents that have an apportioning business that operates within the TTA should have already computed Schedule R, and can use those amounts when that schedule is referenced. Residents that have an apportioning business will not have completed a Schedule R for California income tax purposes since they are taxed on income from all sources. However, in order for residents to determine their California source business income for purposes of the TTA computation, they also must complete a Schedule R.

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 (as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR)) was attributed to an asset used in an activity conducted within and outside the TTA and California, get Schedule R and complete Schedule R-1. Multiply the gain or loss reported by the percentage on Schedule R-1, line 5 and enter the result in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section A. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Line 14

If you are computing the TTA Net Operating Loss (NOL) and the result on the Income or Loss Worksheet, line 14, column (c) is a negative amount, enter this amount on Worksheet V, Section A, line 1.

Note: If the amount is positive, you do not have a TTA NOL.

If you are computing the TTA business income and the result on the Income or Loss Worksheet, line 14, column (c) is a positive amount and:

You have TTA NOL carryovers, enter the amount on Worksheet V, Section C, line 1 and line 6 (skip line 2 through line 5). Also enter the amount from the Income or Loss Worksheet, line 14, column (c) on Worksheet VI, Part I, line 1 and line 3 (skip line 2) if you have TTA credits; or

 You do not have TTA NOL carryovers but you do have TTA credits or credit carryovers, enter the amount on Worksheet VI, Part I, line 1 and line 3 (skip line 2).

Note: If the amount is negative, you do not have any business income attributable to the TTA and you cannot utilize any TTA NOL carryover, credit(s), or credit carryover(s) in the current taxable year.

Loss Computation

To compute the TTA NOL for Worksheet V, Section A, you must complete Worksheet IV, Section C. The instructions below refer to Worksheet IV, Section C.

Located Entirely Within the TTA Line 6 – Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other

schedule is entirely within the TTA, enter the income or loss from this activity in column (a), and enter 1.00 in column (b).

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 (as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR)) was attributed to an asset used in an activity conducted entirely within the TTA, enter the gain or loss reported in column (a), and enter 1.00 in column (b).

Located Within and Outside the TTA

Line 6 - Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other schedule is within and outside the TTA, enter the income or loss from this activity in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete

Worksheet IV, Section B. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section B, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 (as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR)) was attributed to an asset used in an activity conducted within and outside the TTA, enter the gain or loss reported in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section B. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section B, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Line 14

See line 14 under Income Computation.

W	orksheet IV (continued)			
	ction C Income or Loss			
	rt I Individual Income and Expense Iter	ns. See instructions.		
		(a) Amount	(b) % of time providing services in the TTA	(c) Apportioned amount (a) x (b)
1	Wages			_
2	Employee business expenses			
3	Subtotal: Enter the total of line 1, column	(c) and line 2, column (c) on this	s line	
Pa	rt II Pass-Through Income or Loss. See	instructions.	1	
	(a) Name of ent	ity	(b Distributive or pro-rata share of bu- to the TTA from Schedule K-1 (10 capital gains	, siness income or loss apportioned 20S, 541, 565, or 568) including
4				
	Subtotal: Enter the total of line 4, column	(h) on this line		
	rt III Taxpayer's Trade or Business. See			
		(a) Business income or loss	(b) Apportionment % for the TTA	(c) Apportioned income or loss (a) x (b)
6	Schedule C or C-EZ			
7	Cabadula F (Dantala)			
8	Cabadula F			
9	Other business income or loss			
10	Subtotal: Enter the total of line 6 through	line 9, column (c) on this line		
		(a) Business gain or loss	(b) Apportionment % for the TTA	(c) Apportioned gain or loss (a) x (b)
11	Schedule D			
12	Schedule D-1			
13	Subtotal: Enter the total of line 11, colum	n (c) and line 12, column (c) on	this line	
14	Total: Enter the total of column (c) for lin on this line. See instructions			

Part V Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and Loss **Limitations**

A TTA NOL generated by a business that operates or invests within the TTA can be carried forward for 15 years but may not be carried back. In addition, up to 100% of the NOL generated in the TTA can be carried forward.

The business cannot generate NOLs from activities within the TTA before the first taxable year beginning on or after the date the TTA is officially designated or for the taxable years ending after the designation expires. The TTA received final designation on November 1, 1998.

Limitation

A TTA NOL deduction can only offset business income attributable to operations within the TTA.

Election

Taxpayers must elect and designate the carryover category (general or specific, enterprise zone, LAMBRA, TTA, or Pierce's disease NOL) on the original return for the year of a loss and file form FTB 3809 for each year in which a TTA NOL deduction is being taken. The election is irrevocable.

Note: If you elect the TTA NOL deduction, you are prohibited by law from carrying over any other type of NOL from this year.

To determine which type of NOL will provide the greatest benefit, businesses that have general or specific, EZ, LAMBRA, TTA, or Pierce's disease NOLs, or that may qualify for the special NOL treatment should estimate future income and complete Worksheet V and the following forms or worksheets if applicable:

- FTB 3805D, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and Limitation — Pierce's Disease:
- FTB 3805Q, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Corporations;
- FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Individuals, Estates and Trusts:
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Business Booklet, Worksheet VI; or
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Business Booklet, Worksheet V.

Alternative Minimum Tax

Taxpayers claiming a TTA NOL deduction must determine their NOL for alternative minimum tax purposes. Use Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541) to compute the NOL for alternative minimum tax purposes.

S corporations

TTA NOLs incurred prior to becoming an S corporation cannot be used against S corporation income. See IRC Section 1371(b).

However, an S corporation is allowed to deduct a TTA NOL incurred after the "S" election is made. An S corporation may use the NOL as a deduction against income subject to the 1.5% entity-level tax (3.5% for financial S corporations). The expenses (and income) giving rise to the loss are also passed through to the shareholders in the year the loss is incurred.

NOL Carryover Amount - Businesses Operating Totally Within the TTA

For taxpayers with all payroll and property within the TTA, the NOL carryover is determined by computing the business loss that results from business activity within the TTA.

NOL Carryover Amount – Businesses Operating Within and Outside the TTA If the business is located within and outside the TTA, the loss amount available for carryover is determined by apportioning the total business loss of the entity to the TTA pursuant to the provisions of R&TC Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101), with certain modifications to the apportioning factors. The apportionment factors include the property and payroll factors, and compare TTA property and payroll to total property and payroll. The loss calculation is done on Worksheet V. Section A for individuals and exempt trusts, and Worksheet V, Section B for corporations. The apportionment factor computation is done on Worksheet IV. Section B for business entities and Worksheet IV, Section C for individuals. The loss carryover is deducted from income apportioned by each business to the TTA in subsequent years. This computation is done on Worksheet V, Section C.

Corporations that are members of a unitary group filing a combined report must separately compute loss carryover for each corporation in the group (R&TC Section 25108) using their individual apportionment factors.

Unlike the NOL treatment on a federal consolidated return, a loss carryover for one member included in a combined report may not be applied to the intrastate apportioned income of another member included in a combined report.

For water's-edge purposes, each corporation's NOL carryover is limited to the amount determined by recomputing the income and factors of the original worldwide combined reporting group as if the water's-edge election had been in force for the vear of the loss. The TTA NOL carryover may not be increased as a result of the recomputation.

Instructions for Worksheet V — Net Operating Loss Computation and Loss Limitations

Individuals and exempt trusts with a current year loss should complete Section A. Corporations with a current year loss complete Section B. Individuals, exempt trusts, and corporations with current year income and a prior year TTA NOL carryover complete Section C.

Section A – Computation of Current Year NOL — Individuals and Exempt Trusts

Use this section to compute the TTA NOL to be carried over to future years by individuals and exempt trusts. Complete Section A **only** if you have a current year loss.

You must complete form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Individuals, Estates and Trusts, before you can compute the allowable TTA loss.

To compute the TTA NOL, separate business income and deductions from nonbusiness income and deductions. See Part IV for a complete discussion of business and nonbusiness income.

Section B – Computation of Current Year NOL — Corporations

Use this section to compute the TTA NOL to be carried over to future years for corporations. Complete Section B **only** if the corporation has a current year loss.

You must complete form FTB 3805Q, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL

and Disaster Loss Limitations — Corporations, before you can compute the allowable TTA loss.

Section C – Computation of NOL Carryover and Carryover Limitations

Use this section to compute the TTA NOL deduction for individuals, exempt trusts, and corporations. The TTA NOL deduction is used to reduce current year income from the TTA.

Line 1 – See Part IV for a discussion of business and nonbusiness income.

Note to Form 540 and Form 540NR filers: Be sure to include casualty losses, disaster losses, and any business deductions reported on Schedule A as itemized deductions.

Exception: If you elected to carry back part or all of your current year disaster loss under IRC Section 165(i)(1), do not include the amount of the loss that was carried back in your current year business income for the TTA.

Line 2 – In modifying your income, deduct your capital losses only up to your capital gains. Enter as a positive number any net capital losses included in line 1.

Line 3 – Corporations must reduce income by the disaster loss deduction and the deduction for excess net passive income.

Line 6 – This is your modified taxable income (MTI). You may reduce this amount by your TTA NOL deduction. Your TTA NOL deduction may not be larger than your MTI. If your MTI is a loss in the current year or if it limits the amount of NOL you may use this year, you must carry over the NOL to future years.

Line 7 – Enter the amount from line 6 in column (d). If this amount is zero or negative,

transfer the amounts from line 8 and line 9, column (b) to line 8 and line 9, column (e). Go to line 10.

Line 8 through Line 10 – Enter the amounts on line 8 through line 10 as positive numbers.

In column (c), enter the smaller of the amount in column (b) or the amount in column (d) from the previous line.

In column (d), enter the result of subtracting column (c) from the balance on the previous line in column (d).

In column (e), enter the result of subtracting the amount in column (c) from the amount in column (b), as applicable.

Example:

(b) Carry- over from prior year	(c) Amount deducted this year	(d) Balance available to offset losses	(e) TTA NOL carryover
		\$5,000	
\$ 500	\$ 500	4,500	\$ 0

Line 11 – Enter the amount of your current year NOL in column (e). For individuals and exempt trusts, enter the amount from Section A, line 7. For corporations, enter the amount from Section B, line 7.

Line 12 – Total the amounts in column (b), column (c), and column (e). Enter the totals from column (b), column (c), and column (e) on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 3a, line 3b, and line 3c, accordingly.

Your TTA NOL deduction for 2001 is the total of column (c). Enter this amount on your California tax return or schedule as follows:

- Form 100, line 21:
- Form 100S, line 19:
- Form 100W, line 21;
- Form 109, line 3 or line 11;
- Schedule CA (540), line 21e, column B; or
- Schedule CA (540NR), line 21e, column B.

Worksheet V Net Operating Loss (NOL) — Targeted Tax Area Section A Computation of Current Year Net Operating Loss — Individuals and Exempt Trusts Net trade or business loss from all sources. Individuals: Enter the total from Worksheet IV, Section C, line 14, column (c) as a positive number. For purposes of this worksheet section, do not include any 2000 losses or disaster loss carryovers in line 1. See instructions for definition of business income. Total business capital losses included in line 1. Enter as a positive number 2 Total business capital gains included in line 1 3 4 Subtract line 4 from line 1. If the result is zero or less, do not complete the rest of this section. You do not have a 5 current year NOL from the TTA 6 Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 6 here and in Section C, line 10, column (e) 7

This is the TTA NOL carryover from 2001 to 2002.

V	Worksheet V (continued)								
	ection B Computation of Current Year Net Ope	erating Loss — Corporation	ons						
_	Note: If you have a TTA NOL and a pri	or year general NOL, see i	nstructions.						
CI	heck the appropriate box to describe your entity $ty_{ }$		NOL was incur	red:					
_		empt corporation							
1	Net loss for state purposes from Form 100 or Fo								
	line 17; or Form 109, line 1. Enter as a positive								
	Schedule R, line 12		1						
2	a 2001 disaster relief loss included in line 1. Er	2a							
	b Nonbusiness income included in line 1. Enter		2b						
	c Nonbusiness losses included in line 1. Enter	2c							
	d Combine line 2a through line 2c						2d		
3	Subtract line 2d from line 1. If zero or less, do no	ot complete the rest of this	s section; the co	orporat	tion d	loes not have			
	a current year NOL						3		
4	Enter the average apportionment percentage from	m Worksheet IV, Section E	3, line 4				4		
5	Multiply line 3 by line 4						5		
6	Enter the amount from form FTB 3805Q, Part I, I	line 3					6		
7	Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 6 here and in S	Section C, line 10, column	(e)				7		
	This is the TTA NOL carryover from 2001 to 2002	2.							
_									
S	ection C Computation of NOL Carryover and	Carryover Limitations —	· Individuals, E	xempt	Trust	ts, and Corporations	. See	instructions.	
1	,								
	of line 15 and line 17; or Form 109, line 1 or lin		540NR filers,						
	enter the total from Worksheet IV, Section C, line	14, column (c) on line 1							
	and line 6 (skip line 2 through line 5). See instru	ctions. Note: Corporations	which						
	file a combined report, enter the taxpayer's busing	ness income assigned to (California						
	(See instructions Part IV)			1					
2	a Form 100, Form 100W, Form 100S, and Form	n 109 filers: Enter any nor	nbusiness				<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>		
	income included in line 1 as a negative numb	er. Form 540 and Form 54	40NR filers						
	leave blank			2a			X/////////////////////////////////////		
	b Form 100, Form 100W, Form 100S, and Form	n 109 filers: Enter any nor	nbusiness						
	loss included in line 1 as a positive number.	Form 540 and Form 540N	IR filers				<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>		
	leave blank			2b					
	c Combine line 2a and line 2b			2c					
3	Form 100 or Form 100W filers: Enter the amount	t from Form 100 or Form 1	100W, line 22.						
	Form 100S filers: Enter the total of the amount f	rom Form 100S, line 17 a	nd line 20.						
	Form 540, Form 540NR, and Form 109 filers: En	ter -0 Enter this amount	as a						
	negative number			3					
4	Combine line 1, line 2c, and line 3. If zero or less	s, enter -0- on line 6		4					
5	Enter the average apportionment percentage from	m Worksheet IV, Section A	A, line 4	5					
6	Modified taxable income. Multiply line 4 by line						6		
							•		
	(a)	(b)	(c)			(d)		(e)	
	Description	Carryover from	Amount d	educte	d	Balance available	to	TTA NOL carryover	
		prior year	this y	ear		offset losses			
						1			
7	7 Modified taxable income from line 6					}			
1	8 TTA NOL carryover beginning in 1998.								
	Only for taxable years beginning on or								
	after November 1, 1998. See instructions								
-	9 TTA NOL carryover beginning in 1999.								
	See instructions								
10	TTA NOL carryover beginning in 2000.								
	See instructions								
1	1 TTA NOL carryover beginning in 2001.	///////////////////////////////////////	////////	////	////				
-	See instructions	<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>	<i>X////////////////////////////////////</i>		///	3			
1:	2 Total the amounts in column (b), column (c),				////				
•	and column (e). See instructions					\////////////////////////////////////			
_	\ /	i .	·			11/1///////////////////////////////////	///		

Part VI Computation of Credit Limitations

Credit Limitations

The amount of credit you can claim on your California tax return is limited by the amount of tax attributable to TTA business income. Use Worksheet VI on Part IV Computation of Credit Limitations form FTB 3809, Side 2 to compute this limitation.

If a taxpayer owns an interest in a disregarded business entity, the amount of the credit that can be utilized is limited to the difference between the taxpayer's regular tax computed with the income of the disregarded entity, and the taxpayer's regular tax computed without the income of the disregarded entity. For more information on disregarded business entities, get Form 568, Limited Liability Company Tax Booklet.

Partnerships must allocate the credit among the partners according to the partners' distributive share as determined in a written partnership agreement (R&TC Section 17039(e)).

Credits you are otherwise eligible to claim may be limited. Do not apply credits against the minimum franchise tax (corporations and S corporations), the annual tax (partnerships, LLCs classified as partnerships, and QSub), the alternative minimum tax (corporations, exempt organizations, individuals, and fiduciaries), the built-in gains tax (S corporations), or the excess net passive income tax (S corporations).

Refer to the credit instructions in your tax booklet for more information.

Members of a Unitary or Combined Group

The TTA credits cannot be allocated or otherwise transferred to another taxpayer, even if the other taxpayer is a member of a unitary or combined group or otherwise affiliated with the taxpayer that earned the credit. For example, a subsidiary corporation that generates a TTA hiring credit cannot allocate the credit to the parent corporation.

S Corporations and the Application of TTA Credits

An S corporation may use its TTA credits to reduce TTA tax at both the corporate and shareholder levels.

An S corporation may use 1/3 of the TTA credits to reduce the tax on the S corporation's TTA business income. In addition, S corporation shareholders may claim their pro-rata share of the entire amount of the TTA credits computed under the Personal Income Tax Law.

Example: In 2001, an S corporation qualified for a \$3,000 TTA hiring credit. The S corporation will be able to use 1/3 of the credit ($$3,000 \times 1/3 = $1,000$) to offset the tax on the corporation's TTA income.

The S corporation will also pass-through a \$3,000 credit to its shareholders to offset their individual tax (computed under the Personal Income Tax Law) on TTA income.

S corporations should attach form FTB 3809 to Form 100S, California S Corporation Franchise or Income Tax Return, to claim the tax credits.

The investors need to attach Form 3809 to their returns.

Carryover

If the amount of credit available this year exceeds your TTA tax, you may carry over any excess credit to future years until exhausted. Apply the carryover to the earliest taxable year(s) possible. In no event can the credit be carried back and applied against a prior year's tax.

For S corporations, the amount of the 1/3 credit that is in excess of the 1.5% entity-level tax (3.5% for financial S corporations) in the current year may also be carried forward and used in future years to offset the S corporation entity-level business tax. See the instructions for Worksheet VI, Part III for more information.

Credit Code Number

You must use credit code number **210** to claim the TTA hiring and sales or use tax credits on your tax return. Using an incorrect code number may cause a delay in allowing the credit(s).

Instructions for Worksheet VI — Computation of Credit Limitations

Note: Worksheet VI is on Side 2 of form FTB 3809.

Partnerships and LLCs classified as partnerships

Do not complete Worksheet VI. The partners and members of these types of entities should complete Worksheet VI in order to determine the amount of TTA credits that they may claim on their California tax return. S corporations and their shareholders must complete Worksheet VI.

Reporting Requirements of S Corporations, Estates and Trusts, Partnerships, and LLCs Classified as Partnerships

- Report to shareholders, beneficiaries, partners, and members, the distributive or pro-rata share of business income, losses, and deductions apportioned to the TTA; and
- Separately state any distributive or prorata share of business capital gains and losses apportioned to the TTA included in the amount above.

S corporations

Complete only Part I and Part III of this worksheet if your entity-level tax before credits is more than the minimum franchise tax.

Corporations and S corporations subject to the minimum franchise tax only

Complete only Part IV of this worksheet.

All others: Complete Part I and Part II of this worksheet.

Part I

Note: For filers with NOLs or NOL carryovers.

- Complete Worksheet V first if you have a current year NOL or an NOL carryover.
- Then complete Worksheet VI of Side 2 of form FTB 3809 if you have any TTA credits.

If you do not have a current year NOL or any NOL carryovers:

- Individuals: Go to Worksheet IV, Section C. Follow the instructions there. Enter the amount from Worksheet IV, Section C, line 14, column (c) on Worksheet VI, Part I, line 1 and line 3 (skip line 2).
- Corporations: Follow the instructions for line 1 below.

Line 1 – Enter all trade or business income. See Part IV for the definition of business income.

Line 2 – If your business is located entirely within the TTA, enter 1.

This percentage is the apportionment percentage computed by the entity using Worksheet IV, Section A, and represents the percentage of the entity's business attributable to the TTA.

Line 6a – Compute the tax as if the TTA taxable income represented all of your taxable income.

Individuals

Use the tax table or tax rate schedule in your tax booklet for your filing status.

Exempt organizations

Use the applicable tax rate in your tax booklet.

Corporations and S corporationsUse the applicable tax rate.

Example: (Determination of TTA Income for Shareholders, Partners, or Members of Pass-Through Entities)

John Anderson is vice president of ABC, Inc., an S corporation that has two locations: one within the TTA and one outside the TTA. Eighty percent (80%) of the S corporation's business is attributable to the TTA.

Note: This percentage was determined by ABC, Inc. using Worksheet IV, Section A, when ABC's S corporation return (Form 100S) was prepared.)

John divides his time equally (50/50) between the two offices of ABC, Inc. Jackie Anderson (John's spouse) works for ABC, Inc. at its office located within the TTA.

John and Jackie Anderson have the following items of California income and expense for the 2001 tax year:

TTA business expense deduction ... (5,000)*
John's unreimbursed employee

expenses from federal Schedule A . (2,000)

*The TTA business expense deduction is a separately stated item on Schedule K-1 (100S), line 8.

The Anderson's TTA income (total amount to be reported on line 3) is computed as follows:

John's TTA salary (\$100,000 x 50%) \$50,000 Jackie's TTA salary (\$75,000 x 100%) 75,000 Pass-through ordinary income from ABC, Inc. (\$40,000 x 80%) 32,000 TTA business expense deduction from ABC, Inc. (5,000) John's unreimbursed employee business expenses (\$2,000 x 50%)_(1,000) Total TTA income (Worksheet VI, Part I, line 3) ... \$151,000

Note: The standard deduction and personal or dependency exemptions are not included in the computation of TTA income since they are not related to trade or business activities.

John and Jackie must compute the tax (to be entered on Worksheet VI, Part I, line 6a) on the total TTA income of \$151,000 (as if it represents all of their income). Using the tax rate schedule in their tax booklet for filing status married filing joint, the 2001 tax computed on \$151,000 is \$10,348.

Line 6b - Corporations and S corporations If the amount on line 6b is the minimum franchise tax (\$800), you cannot use your TTA credits this year. You should complete Part IV of the worksheet to compute the amount of credit carryover.

Part II

Use Part II of Side 2 of the form FTB 3809 if you are a corporation, individual, estate, or trust. Corporations and S corporations that are subject to paying only the minimum franchise tax, go to Part IV of Side 2 of the FTB 3809.

Line 8A, column (e) - Enter the amount from line 7. This is the amount of limitation based on the tax on TTA business income.

Line 8A, column (f) - Enter the amount of credit that is used on Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541), column (b). The amount cannot be greater than the amount on line 8A, column (e) or the amount computed on line 8B, column (d). Enter this amount on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 1a.

Line 8B, column (b) - Enter the amount of the current year credit that was computed on Worksheet I, Section A, line 4.

Line 8B, **column (c)** – Enter the amount of the total prior year credit carryover. This is the amount of credit that was previously figured on Worksheet I, Section A, in the prior year, minus the amount that was allowed to be taken on the prior year return.

Line 8B, column (d) - Add the amount of the current year credit on line 8B, column (b) and the amount of the total prior year carryover on line 8B, column (c).

Line 8B, column (e) - Compare the amounts on line 8A, column (e) and line 8A, column (f). Enter the smaller amount.

Line 8B, column (g) - Subtract the amount on line 8B, column (e) from the amount on line 8B, column (d). Enter the result on line 8B, column (g). This is the amount of credit that can be carried over to future years. Note: This carryover includes both the Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541) limitation and the limitation based on TTA business income.

Line 9A, column (e) - Subtract the amount on line 8B, column (e) from the amount on line 8A, column (e). If the result is zero, your remaining credits are limited and must be carried over to future years. In this case, enter the amount from line 9B, column (d) on line 9B, column (g).

Line 9A, column (f) - Enter the amount of credit that is used on Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541), column (b). The amount cannot be greater than the amount on line 9A, column (e) or the amount computed on line 9B, column (d). Enter this amount on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 1b.

Line 9B, column (b) - Enter the amount of the current year credit that was computed on Worksheet II, line 2, column (c).

Line 9B, column (c) - Enter the amount of the total prior year credit carryover. This is the amount of credit that was previously figured on Worksheet II in the prior year, minus the amount that was allowed to be taken on the prior year return.

Line 9B. column (d) - Add the amount of the current year credit on line 9B, column (b) and the amount of the total prior year carryover on line 9B, column (c).

Line 9B, column (e) - Compare the amounts on line 9A, column (e) and line 9A, column (f). Enter the smaller amount.

Line 9B, column (g) - Subtract the amount on line 9B, column (e) from the amount on line 9B, column (d). Enter the result on line 9B, column (g). This is the amount of credit that can be carried over to future years. **Note:** This carryover includes both the Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541) limitation and the limitation based on TTA business income.

Example: Part II

Assume the ABC Business has \$8,000 of tax. The business computed a credit limitation based on the TTA income of \$7,000 on Worksheet VI, line 7. The business has the following credits:

Hiring credit \$500 and a \$300 carryover from a prior year

Sales or use tax credit \$9,000 Worksheet VI, Part II would be computed as follows:

Part II Limitation of Credits for Corporations, Individuals, and Estates and Trusts. See instructions.										
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
	Credit name		Credit amount	Total prior year carryover	Total credit (add col. (b) and col. (c))	Limitation based on TTA business income	Used on Schedule P (can never be greater than col. (d) or col. (e))	Carryover (col. (d) minus col. (e))		
• Hiring o	Hiring credit	Α				7,000	800			
8 Hiring c		В	500	300	800	800		-0-		
9 Sales or	Sales or use tax credit	Α				6,200	6,200			
tax credi		В	9,000	-0-	9,000	6,200		2,800		

Part III

Use Part III of Side 2 of the form FTB 3809 only if you are an S corporation.

Line 10 and Line 11, column (b) – Enter the amounts of current year credits that were computed on Worksheet I and Worksheet II in column (b) for line 10 and line 11, as applicable. Also enter this amount on Form 100S:

- Schedule C, line 4; and
- Schedule K, line 13.

You may need to adjust your Schedule C (100S) to reflect the TTA tax limitation (Part I, line 7) to your credits after completing this worksheet.

Line 10 and Line 11, column (c) – Multiply the amounts on line 10 and line 11, column (b) by 1/3. Enter these amounts in column (c). The amounts in column (c) are the maximum amounts of the current year credits that may be used by the S corporation to offset its 1.5% entity-level tax (3.5% for financial S corporations).

Line 10 and Line 11, column (d) – Enter the amounts of total prior year credit carryover. These are the credit amounts that were previously computed on the prior year Worksheet I and Worksheet II, minus the amounts that were allowed to be taken on the prior year return.

Line 10 and Line 11, column (e) – Add the amounts of the current year credits in column (c) and the total prior year carryovers in column (d).

Line 10 and Line 11, column (f) – Enter the credit amounts that were used by the S corporation in the current year to offset its 1.5% entity-level tax (3.5% for financial S corporations). Enter the amounts in column (f) for line 10 and line 11 on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 1a and line 1b, as applicable.

Line 10 and Line 11, column (g) — Subtract the amount in column (f) for each line from the amounts in column (e). These are the credit amounts that can be carried over to future years and used by the S corporation.

Part IV

Use Part IV of Side 2 of the form FTB 3809 if you are a corporation or S corporation subject to paying only the minimum franchise tax.

Line 12 and Line 13, column (b) – Enter the amounts of current year credits that were computed on Worksheet I and Worksheet II. S corporations may enter only 1/3 of the amounts from Worksheet I and II on line 12, column (b) and line 13, column (b), as applicable.

Line 12 and Line 13, column (c) — Enter the amounts of the total prior year credit carryovers. These are the credit amounts that were previously computed on Worksheet I and Worksheet II in the prior year, minus the amounts that were allowed to be taken on the prior year return. S corporations may enter only 1/3 of the amounts from Worksheet I and Worksheet II.

Line 12 and Line 13, column (d) – Add the amounts in column (b) and column (c) for line 12 and line 13. These are the credit amounts that can be carried over to future years.

Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition (Partial Listing)

The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual is organized using a hierarchial structure, first by division, then by two-digit major groups within each division, then by three-digit industry groups within each major group, and finally by four-digit industry codes within each industry group.

Classification of business activities is based upon establishments, which are defined in the SIC Manual as an economic unit, generally at a single physical location, where business is conducted, or where services or industrial operations are performed. A taxpayer's enterprise may consist of more than one establishment. The SIC Manual provides the following examples of establishments: A factory, mill, store, hotel, movie theater, mine, farm, ranch, bank, railroad depot, airline terminal, sales office, warehouse, or central administrative office. Where distinct and separate economic activities are performed at a single physical location (such as construction activities operated out of the same physical location as a lumber yard), each activity should be treated as a separate establishment where: (1) No one industry description in the SIC Manual includes such combined activities; (2) The employment in each economic activity is significant; and

3995 Burial caskets

(3) Separate reports are prepared on the number of employees, their wages and salaries, sales or receipts, property and equipment, and other types of financial data, such as financial statements, job costing, and profit center accounting.

For purposes of this publication, the following SIC codes are listed since only taxpayers with establishments in these industry codes qualify for the TTA tax incentives:

- SIC Codes 2000 through 2099;
- SIC Codes 2200 through 3999;
- SIC Codes 4200 through 4299;
- SIC Codes 4500 through 4599; and
- SIC Codes 4700 through 5199.

The complete Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition, is available for purchase from:

NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE 5285 PORT ROYAL ROAD SPRINGFIELD VIRGINIA 22161

Order No. PB 87-100012

The manual is also available on the Internet at: www.osha.gov/oshstats/sicser.html

The four-digit industry codes within Division D of the SIC Manual are: (nec means "not elsewhere classified")

2021 Creamery butter

3291	Abrasive products	3578	Calculating & accounting	3466	Crowns & closures	3965	Fasteners, buttons, needles, & pins
2891	Adhesives & sealants		equipment		Current-carrying wiring devices		Fertilizers, mixing only
	Agricultural chemicals, nec	2064	Candy & other confectionery	2391	Curtains & draperies	2655	Fiber cans, drums, & similar
3563	Air & gas compressors		products	3087	Custom compound purchased		products
	Aircraft parts & equipment, nec	2062	Cane sugar refining		resins	2262	Finishing plants, manmade
3724	Aircraft engines & engine parts	2033	Canned fruits & vegetables	3281	Cut stone & stone products	2261	Finishing plants, cotton
	Aircraft		Canned & cured fish & seafood	3421	Cutlery		Finishing plants, nec
	Alkalies & chlorine	2032	Canned specialties	2865	Cyclic crudes & intermediates		Flat glass
3354	Aluminum extruded products	2394	Canvas & related products	2034	Dehydrated fruits, vegetables, &	2087	Flavoring extracts & syrups, nec
3355	Aluminum rolling & drawing, nec		Carbon paper & inked ribbons		soups		Flour & other grain mill products
	Aluminum foundries		Carbon black	3843	Dental equipment & supplies		Fluid meters & counting devices
3353	Aluminum sheet, plate, & foil	3624	Carbon & graphite products	2675			Fluid power valves & hose fittings
	Aluminum die-casting	3592	Carburetors, pistons, rings, &		Distilled & blended liquors		Fluid milk
3483	Ammunition, except for small		valves	2047			Fluid power pumps & motors
	arms, nec	2273	Carpets & rugs	3942			Fluid power cylinders & actuators
		2823	Cellulosic manmade fiber	2591	Drapery hardware, blinds, &		
	Animal & marine fats & oils	3241			shades	2099	Food preparations, nec
2387			Ceramic wall & floor tile	2023	Dry, condensed, & evaporated		Food products machinery
	Apparel & accessories, nec		Cereal breakfast foods		dairy products		Footwear cut stock
	Architectural metal work		Cheese, natural & processed	2079			Footwear, except rubber, nec
3292	Asbestos products	2899	Chemical preparations, nec	3641			Fresh/frozen prepared fish/seafood
2952	Asphalt felts & coatings		Chewing gum		Electric housewares & fans	2053	Frozen bakery products, except
	Asphalt paving mixtures & blocks	2066	Chocolate & cocoa products	3699	Electrical equipment & supplies,	0000	bread
3581	Automatic vending machines		Clay refractories		nec		Frozen specialties, nec
2396	Automotive & apparel trimmings		Coated fabrics, not rubberized	3629			Frozen fruits & vegetables
	Automotive stampings		Cold finishing of steel shapes		Electromedical equipment		Fur goods
2673			Commercial printing, gravure		Electrometallurgical products		Furniture & fixtures, nec
	Bags: uncoated paper & multiwall		Commercial printing, lithographic		Electronic components, nec		Games, toys, & children's vehicles
	Ball & roller bearings	2/59	Commercial printing, nec		Electronic connectors	3053	Gaskets, packing, & sealing devices
	Beet sugar	3582	Commercial laundry equipment	3671			General industrial machinery, nec
2836			Commercial lighting fixtures	36/5	Electronic capacitors	2309	Girls' & children's outerwear, nec
0700	diagnostic		Communication equipment	3676		2361	Girls' & children's dresses, blouses
	Blankbooks & looseleaf binders Blast furnace & steel mills	3577	and the second second second	3677		3221 3321	Glass containers
	Blowers & fans	2575	nec Computer terminals	3571		2771	Gray & ductile iron foundries
					Elevators & moving stairways		Greeting cards
2/52	Boat building & repairing	3271	Computer storage devices Concrete block & brick	3694	Engine electrical equipment	3/04	Guided missile & space vehicle
2731	Bolts, nuts, rivets, & washers Book publishing			2677		2760	parts Guided missile & space vehicle
	Book printing		Concrete products, nec Construction machinery		Environmental controls	3/09	· .
2789		2670	Converted paper products, nec		Explosives	3761	parts, nec Guided missiles & parts
	Bottled & canned soft drinks	2079	Conveyors & conveying equipment			2861	Gum & wood chemicals
	Bras, girdles, & allied garments	3030	Cookies & crackers		Fabricated metal products, nec		Gypsum products
2051		3351	Copper rolling & drawing	3443	Fabricated plate work (boiler		Hand & edge tools, nec
3251			Copper foundries	3498	shops)		Hardsurface floor coverings, nec
2211	Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		Cordage & twine	3498		2429	Hardware, nec
2221	Broadwoven fabric mills, manmade		Corrugated & solid fiber boxes	3441			Hardwood dimensions & flooring
2231	Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	3961	Costume jewelry	2399	Fabricated textile products, nec	L7LU	mills
	Brooms & brushes		Cottonseed oil	3523	Farm machinery & equipment		IIIIII
0001	בויטטווט ע טועטווטט	2014	OULIONSGE OII	3023	rann machinery & equipment		

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2435	Hardwood veneer & plywood	3308	Metal heat treating	3568	Power transmission equipment,	3842	Surgical appliances & supplies
	Hats, caps, & millinery		Metal cans	0000	nec	3613	Switchgear & switchboard
2000	Heating again avent electric			05.40		3013	ownerstus
	Heating equip, except electric	0412	Metal barrels, drums, & pails		Power-driven handtools	0000	apparatus
	Hoists, cranes, & monorails		Metal sanitary ware		Prefabricated metal buildings	2822	Synthetic rubber
	Hosiery, nec		Metal foil & leaf		Prefabricated wood buildings	3795	Tanks & tank components
2392	House furnishings, nec	3479	Metal coating & allied services	2045	Prepared flour mixes & doughs	3661	Telephone & telegraph apparatus
	House slippers	3469	Metal stampings, nec	2048	Prepared feeds, nec	3552	Textile machinery
	Household audio & video	3442	Metal door, sash, & trim		Prerecorded records & tapes		Textile bags
0001	equipment		Millwork		Pressed & blown glass, nec		Textile goods, nec
OCOE	Ususahald vasuum alaanara			2223	Drimory motel are duete and		
3035	Household vacuum cleaners		Mineral wool	3399	Primary metal products, nec	2284	Thread mills
3631	Household cooking appliances	3295	Minerals, ground or treated		Primary nonferrous metals, nec	2282	Throwing & winding mills
3633	Household laundry equipment	3532	Mining machinery	3334	Primary aluminum		Tire cord & fabrics
	Household appliances, nec	2741	Misc publishing	3331	Primary copper	3011	Tires & inner tubes
	Household furniture, nec		Misc metal work	3602	Primary batteries, dry & wet		Toilet preparations
2010	Household refrigerators 0 francisco	0400	Mice to brigget and wire products				
	Household refrigerators & freezers		Misc fabricated wire products		Printed circuit boards	3612	Transformers, except electronic
	lce cream & frozen desserts		Mobile homes	2893	Printing ink		Transportation equipment, nec
	Industrial valves	3716	Motor homes	3555	Printing trades machinery	3792	Travel trailers & campers
2819	Industrial inorganic chem, nec	3711	Motor vehicles & car bodies		Process control instruments	3713	Truck & bus bodies
3599	Industrial machinery, nec		Motor & generators	3231	Products of purchased glass		Truck trailers
2860	Industrial organic chem, nec	271/	Motor vehicle parts & accessories	2521	Public building & related furniture		Turbines & turbines generator sets
2003	Industrial toyanic chem, nec	0754	Matarasia historia 0 marta			0704	Turnings & turbings generator sets
3537	Industrial trucks & tractors	3/51	Motorcycles, bicycles, & parts		Pulp mills	2/91	Typesetting
2813	Industrial gases		Musical instruments	3561	Pumps & pumping equipment	3082	Unsupported plastic profile shapes
3543	Industrial patterns	2441	Nailed wood boxes & shook	3663	Radio & TV communication	3081	Unsupported plastic film & sheet
3567	Industrial furnaces & ovens		Narrow fabric mills		eguipment	2512	Upholstered household furniture
	Inorganic pigments		Newspapers	3743	Railroad equipment		Valves & pipe fittings, nec
2010	Instruments to measure electricity	2072	Nitrogonous fortilizare	2061	Pow ougar capa	2075	Varietable oil mille nee
0020	Instruments to measure electricity	2013	Nitrogenous fertilizers		Raw sugar cane	20/0	Vegetable oil mills, nec
3519	Internal combustion engines, nec		Nonclay refractories		Ready-mixed concrete	364/	Vehicular lighting equipment
2835	In vitro & in vivo diagnostic	3644	Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	2493	Reconstituted wood products	3261	Vitreous plumbing fixtures
	substances	3369	Nonferrous foundries, nec	3585	Refrigeration & heating equipment		Vitreous china table & kitchenware
3462	Iron & steel forging	3364	Nonferrous die-casting, except	3625	Relays & industrial controls		Watches, clocks, & parts
	Jewelers' materials & lapidary work	0004		2645	Residential lighting fixtures	2205	Waterproof outerwear
		0057	aluminum	3043	Discouling lighting lixtures		
	Jewelry, precious metal	3357	Nonferrous wiredrawing &		Rice milling		Weft knit fabric mills
	Knit outerwear mills		insulating		Roasted coffee	3548	Welding apparatus
2254	Knit underwear mills	3356	Nonferrous rolling & drawing, nec	2384	Robes & dressing gowns	2046	Wet corn milling
2259	Knitting mills, nec	3341			Rolling mill machinery		Wines, brandy, & brandy spirits
	Laboratory apparatus & furniture	3463			Rubber & plastic hose & belting		Wire springs
2021	Landiatory apparatus & rumiture			2004	Dubbar & plastic flost & beiling	0007	Woman's 9 misses' quite 9 seets
2208	Lace & warp knit fabric mills	3299			Rubber & plastic footwear	2337	Women's & misses' suits & coats
3083	Laminated plastic plate & sheet		Nonwoven fabrics		Salted & roasted nuts & seeds	2335	Women's, juniors', & misses'
3524	Lawn & garden equipment	3579	Office machines, nec	2656	Sanitary food containers		dresses
3952	Lead pencils & art goods		Office furniture, except wood	2676	Sanitary paper products	2341	Women's & children's underwear
3100	Leather goods, nec	3533	Oil & gas field machinery		Sausages & other prepared meats		Women's hosiery, except socks
0100	Leather 9 cheen lined elething	0000	On behalmin and			0000	Woman's 9 misses' suterweer nee
	Leather & sheep-lined clothing		Ophthalmic goods		Saw blades & handsaws	2339	Women's & misses' outerwear, nec
	Leather tanning & finishing	3827			Sawmills & planing mills, general	2331	Women's & misses' blouses &
3151	Leather gloves & mittens	3489	Ordnance & accessories, nec	3596	Scales & balances, except		shirts
3648	Lighting equipment	2824	Organic fibers, noncellulosic		laboratory	3171	Women's handbags and purses
3274		3565	Packaging machinery	2397	Schiffli machine embroideries	3144	Women's footwear, except athletic
	Logging	2851	Paints & allied products	2/51	Screw machine products	2/01	Wood preserving
		2001	Danas industrias sanabias sa			0400	Wood preserving
	Lubricating oils & greases	3004	Paper industries machinery	3012	Search & navigation equipment	2499	Wood products, nec
	Luggage		Paper mills		Semiconductors & related devices		Wood kitchen cabinets
2098	Macaroni, spaghetti, & noodles	2671	Paper coated & laminated,	3263	Semivitreous table & kitchenware	2541	Wood partitions & fixtures
	Machine tools, metal cutting types		packaging	3589	Service industry machinery, nec	2521	Wood office furniture
	Machine tool accessories	2672	Paper coated & laminated, nec	2652	Setup paperboard boxes		Wood TV & radio cabinets
	Machine tools, metal forming type		Paperboard mills	3///	Sheet metal work		Wood containers, nec
	Magnetic & optical recording media		Partitions & fixtures, except wood	3/31	Ship building & repairing		Wood household furniture
	Malleable iron foundries		Pens & mechanical pencils		Signs & advertising specialties	2448	Wood pallets & skids
2083			Periodicals		Silverware and plate ware	3553	Woodworking machinery
2082	Malt beverages	3172	Personal leather goods, nec	3484	Small arms	3844	X-ray apparatus & tubes
	Manifold business forms		Petroleum refining		Small arms ammunition		Yarn spinning mills
	Manufactured ice		Petroleum & coal products, nec		Soap & other detergents		. 3
	Manufacturing industries, nec		Pharmaceutical preparations		Softwood veneer & plywood		
	Marking devices		Phosphatic fertilizers		Soybean oil mills		
	Mattresses & bedsprings	3861	Photographic equipment &		Space vehicle equipment & parts		
3586	Measuring & dispensing pumps		supplies	3764	Space propulsion units & parts		
	Measuring & controlling devices,	2035	Pickles, sauces, & salad dressing	2429	Special product sawmills, nec		
	nec		Plastic bottles	3544	Special dies, tools, jigs, & fixtures		
2011	Meat packing plants		Plastic foam products	3550	Special industry machinery, nec		
				0000	Speed changers, drives, & gears		
	Mechanical rubber goods		Plastic materials & resins				
	Medicinal & botanicals		Plastic pipe		Sporting & athletic goods, nec		
	Men's & boys' trousers & slacks	3088	Plastic plumbing fixtures		Stationery products		
	Men's footwear, except athletic	3089	Plastic products, nec		Steel springs, except wire		
	Men's & boys' neckwear		Platemaking service		Steel wire & related products		
	Men's & boys' clothing, nec	3471	Plating & polishing		Steel pipe & tubes		
		33UE	Pleating & stitching		Steel foundries, nec		
	Men's & boys' shirts	2400	Dlumbing fixture fittings 0 toler				
2322	Men's & boys' underwear &	3432	Plumbing fixture fittings & trim		Steel investment foundries		
	nightwear		Polishes & sanitation goods		Storage batteries		
2326	Men's & boys' work clothing	3264	Porcelain electrical supplies	3259	Structural clay products, nec		
2311	Men's & boys' suits & coats	2096	Potato chips & similar snacks		Structural wood members, nec		
	Metal household furniture		Pottery products, nec		Surface active agents		
3540	Metalworking machinery, nec	2015	Poultry slaughtering & processing		Surgical & medical instruments		
50 10		_010	. sain sing morning a processing	3071	Ca. ground intollumonto	,	
						(cont	inued on next nage)

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The four-digit industry codes within Division E of the SIC Manual are: (nec means "not elsewhere classified")

4512 4581 4729 4730 4841 4939 4899 4215 4931 4911 4221	Air transportation, nonscheduled Air transportation, scheduled Airports, flying fields, & airport terminal services Arrangement of passenger transportation, nec	4932 4971 4214 4212 4925 4923 4783 4832 4812 4222 4953 4741 4959 4952 4225	Gas & other services combined Irrigation systems Local trucking with storage Local trucking without storage Mixed, manufactured, or liquefied petroleum gas production Natural gas distribution Natural gas transmission Natural gas transmission & distribution Packing & crating Radio broadcasting stations Radiotelephone communications Refrigerated warehousing & storage Refuse systems Rental of railroad cars Sanitary services, nec Sewerage systems Special warehousing & storage	4226 4960 4822 4813 4833 4231 4725 4789 4724 4213 4940	Telegraph & other message communications Telephone communications, except radiotelephone
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The four-digit industry codes within Division F of the SIC Manual are: (nec means "not elsewhere classified")

	•		•		,
5012	Automobiles & other motor vehicles		Footwear Fresh fruits & vegetables	5131	Piece goods, notions, & other dry goods
5181	Beer & ale	5021	Furniture	5162	Plastics materials & basic forms &
5192		5153	Grain & field beans		shapes
5032	Brick, stone, and related construction materials	5149 5141	Groceries & related products, nec Groceries, general line	5074	Plumbing & heating equipment & supplies (hydronics)
5169		5072		5144	Poultry & poultry products
	Coal & other minerals & ores		Home furnishings		Printing & writing paper
	Commercial equipment, nec	5113			Professional equipment & supplies,
5045	Computers & computer peripheral	5084			nec
	equipment & software	5085	Industrial supplies		Refrigeration equipment & supplies
5145		5094	Jewelry, watches, precious stones,	5033	3, 3,
5082			& precious metals		materials
	petroleum) machinery &		Livestock	5093	
5000	equipment	5031	Lumber, plywood, millwork, and	5087	Service establishment equipment &
5039		E4.47	wood panels	E001	supplies
5143	Dairy products, except dried or canned	5147	Meat & meat products	5091	- F - 3 3
5100	Drugs, drug proprietaries, &	5047	Medical, dental, & hospital equipment & supplies	5110	supplies Stationery & office supplies
3122	druggist' sundries	5136	Men's & boy's clothing &		Tires & tubes
5099		3130	furnishings		Tobacco & tobacco products
5063		5051	Metals service centers & offices		Toys, hobby goods, & supplies
0000	wiring supplies, & construction	5015	Motor vehicle parts, used		Transportation equipment &
	materials	5013	Motor vehicle supplies & new parts		supplies, except motor vehicles
5064	Electrical appliances, television, &	5199	Nondurable goods, nec	5075	Warm air heating, air-conditioning
	radio sets	5044	Office equipment		equipment, & supplies
5065	and the second s	5048	Opthalmic goods	5182	Wine & distilled alcoholic
5083			Packaged frozen foods		beverages
E 4 O 4	equipment		Paints, varnishes, & supplies	5137	Women's, children's, & infants'
	Farm supplies	51/2	Petroleum & petroleum products		clothing & accessories
	Farm-product raw materials, nec	E474	wholesalers, except bulk stations		
	Fish & seafoods	31/1	Petroleum bulk stations & terminals		
5193	Flowers, nursery stock, & florists' supplies	5043	Photographic equipment & sales		
	auhhiiga	5045	r notograpino equipinent & Sales		

FTB 3809

Codes for Principal Business Activity

This list of principal business activities and their associated codes is designed to classify a business by the type of activity in which it is engaged to facilitate the administration of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, these principal business activity codes are based on the North American Industry Classification System published by the United States Office of Management and Budget, 1997 Edition.

Caution: For purposes of qualifying for the TTA tax incentives, refer to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition and the partial listing on pages 21 through 23 of this booklet.

Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting

Code

Crop Production

- 111100 Oilseed & Grain Farming 111210 Vegetable & Melon Farming (including potatoes & yams)
- 111300 Fruit & Tree Nut Farming 111400
- Greenhouse, Nursery, & Floriculture Production 111900
- Other Crop Farming (including tobacco, cotton, sugarcane, hay, peanut, sugar beet, & all other crop farming)

Animal Production

- 112111 Beef Cattle Ranching & Farming
- 112112 Cattle Feedlots
- 112120 Dairy Cattle & Milk Production Hog & Pig Farming 112210
- 112300 Poultry & Egg Production
- 112400 Sheep & Goat Farming
- Animal Aquaculture (including 112510 shellfish & finfish farms & hatcheries)
- 112900 Other Animal Production

Forestry and Logging

- Timber Tract Operations 113110
- 113210 Forest Nurseries & Gathering of Forest Products
- 113310 Logging

Fishing, Hunting and Trapping

114110 Fishing

114210 Hunting & Trapping

Support Activities for Agriculture and Forestry

- Support Activities for Crop 115110 Production (including cotton ginning, soil preparation, planting, & cultivating) 115210 Support Activities for Animal Production
- 115310 Support Activities for Forestry

Mining

- Oil & Gas Extraction 211110 212110 Coal Mining
- Metal Ore Mining 212200 Stone Mining & Quarrying 212310
- Sand, Gravel, Clay, & Ceramic & Refractory

Minerals Mining & Quarrying

- 212390 Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining & Quarrying
- 213110 Support Activities for Mining

Utilities

- 221100 Electric Power Generation, Transmission, & Distribution
- Natural Gas Distribution 221300 Water, Sewage, & Other
 - Systems

Construction

Building, Developing, and General Contracting

Land Subdivision & Land 233110 Development 233200 Residential Building Construction 233300 Nonresidential Building

Construction

- **Heavy Construction**
- 234100 Highway, Street, Bridge, & Tunnel Construction
- Other Heavy Construction

Special Trade Contractors

- Plumbing, Heating, & Air-235110 Conditioning Contractors Painting & Wall Covering 235210 Contractors
- 235310 **Electrical Contractors** 235400 Masonry, Drywall, Insulation, &
- Tile Contractors 235500 Carpentry & Floor Contractors
- 235610 Roofing, Siding, & Sheet Metal Contractors
- 235710 Concrete Contractors
- 235810 Water Well Drilling Contractors Other Special Trade Contractors 235900

Manufacturing

Food Manufacturing 311110 Animal Food Mfg

- 311200 Grain & Oilseed Milling 311300 Sugar & Confectionery Product
- Fruit & Vegetable Preserving & Specialty Food Mfg 311400
- 311500 Dairy Product Mfg Animal Slaughtering and 311610
- Processing
- 311710 Seafood Product Preparation & Packaging
- 311800 Bakeries & Tortilla Mfg 311900 Other Food Mfg (including coffee, tea, flavorings, &

seasonings) **Beverage and Tobacco Product** Manufacturing

- 312110 Soft Drink & Ice Mfg 312120 Breweries
- 312130 Wineries 312140 Distilleries
- 312200 Tobacco Manufacturing

Textile Mills and Textile Product Mills

313000 Textile Mills 314000 Textile Product Mills

Apparel Manufacturing

- Apparel Knitting Mills 315100 315210 Cut & Sew Apparel Contractors
- Men's & Boys' Cut & Sew Apparel Mfg 315220

Code

- Women's & Girls' Cut & Sew Apparel Mfg 315230 Other Cut & Sew Apparel Mfg 315290
- 315990 Apparel Accessories & Other Apparel Mfg

Leather and Allied Product Manufacturing

- Leather & Hide Tanning & 316110 Finishing
- 316210 Footwear Mfg (including rubber & plastics)
- 316990 Other Leather & Allied Product

Wood Product Manufacturing

- 321110 Sawmills & Wood Preservation
- Veneer, Plywood, & Engi-neered Wood Product Mfg 321210 321900 Other Wood Product Mfg

Paper Manufacturing

- 322100 Pulp, Paper, & Paperboard Mille
- 322200 Converted Paper Product Mfg

Printing and Related Support Activities

323100 Printing & Related Support Activities

Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturing

324110 Petroleum Refineries (including integrated) 324120 Asphalt Paving, Roofing, & Saturated Materials Mfg 324190 Other Petroleum & Coal Products Mfg

Chemical Manufacturing

- 325100 Basic Chemical Mfg 325200 Resin, Synthetic Rubber, & Artificial & Synthetic Fibers & Filaments Mfg
- 325300 Pesticide, Fertilizer, & Other
- Agricultural Chemical Mfg 325410 Pharmaceutical & Medicine
- 325500 Paint, Coating, & Adhesive Mfg Soap, Cleaning Compound, & Toilet Preparation Mfg 325600
- 325900 Other Chemical Product & Preparation Mfg

Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturing

326100 Plastics Product Mfg 326200 Rubber Product Mfg

Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing

- 327100 Clay Product & Refractory Mfg 327210 Glass & Glass Product Mfg 327300 Cement & Concrete Product
- 327400 Lime & Gypsum Product Mfg
- Other Nonmetallic Mineral 327900 Product Mfg

Primary Metal Manufacturing

- 331110 Iron & Steel Mills & Ferroalloy 331200 Steel Product Mfg from
- Purchased Steel 331310 Alumina & Aluminum Production & Processing Nonferrous Metal (except 331400
- Aluminum) Production & Processing 331500 Foundries

Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing

- 332110 Forging & Stamping Cutlery & Handtool Mfg 332210 332300 Architectural & Structural
- Metals Mfg 332400 Boiler, Tank, & Shipping Container Mfg
- 332510 Hardware Mfg 332610
- Spring & Wire Product Mfg 332700 Machine Shops; Turned Product; & Screw, Nut, & Bolt
- Coating, Engraving, Heat Treating, & Allied Activities 332810

Code

332900 Other Fabricated Metal Product Mfg

Machinery Manufacturing

- Agriculture, Construction, & 333100 Mining Machinery Mfg 333200 Industrial Machinery Mfg
- 333310 Commercial & Service Industry Machinery Mfg
- Ventilation, Heating, Air-Conditioning, & Commercial Refrigeration Equipment Mfg 333410
- Metalworking Machinery Mfg 333510 Engine, Turbine, & Power 333610 Transmission Equipment Mfg
- 333900 Other General Purpose Machinery Mfg

Computer and Electronic Product Manufacturing

- Computer & Peripheral 334110 Equipment Mfg
- 334200 Communications Equipment Mfg
- 334310 Audio & Video Equipment Mfg 334410 Semiconductor & Other Electronic Component Mfg
- 334500 Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, & Control Instruments Mfg
- Manufacturing & Reproducing Magnetic & Optical Media 334610

Electrical Equipment, Appliance, and Component Manufacturing

- Electric Lighting Equipment 335100 335200 Household Appliance Mfg
- 335310 Electrical Equipment Mfg 335900 Other Electrical Equipment &

Component Mfg Transportation Equipment

- Manufacturing Motor Vehicle Mfg 336100
- Motor Vehicle Body & Trailer 336210 336300 Motor Vehicle Parts Mfg
- 336410 Aerospace Product & Parts Mfg
- Railroad Rolling Stock Mfg 336510 336610 Ship & Boat Building
- 336990 Other Transportation Equipment Mfg **Furniture and Related Product**

Manufacturing 337000 Furniture & Related Product

Manufacturing

- Miscellaneous Manufacturing 339110 Medical Equipment & Supplies
 - Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing

Wholesale Trade

- Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods Motor Vehicle & Motor Vehicle 421100 Parts & Supplies Wholesalers 421200 Furniture & Home Furnishing
- Wholesalers Lumber & Other Construction 421300
- Materials Wholesalers Professional & Commercial
 - **Equipment & Supplies** Wholesalers Metal & Mineral (except
 - 421500 Petroleum) Wholesalers 421600 Electrical Goods Wholesalers
 - Hardware, & Plumbing & Heating Equipment & Supplies 421700 Wholesalers
- Machinery, Equipment, & Supplies Wholesalers 421800
- Sporting & Recreational Goods & Supplies Wholesalers 421910 421920 Toy & Hobby Goods &
- Supplies Wholesalers 421930 Recyclable Material
- Wholesalers Jewelry, Watch, Precious 421940 Stone, & Precious Metal
- Wholesalers Other Miscellaneous Durable Goods Wholesalers 421990

Code

Couc	
Wholesa	ale Trade, Nondurable Goods
422100	Paper & Paper Product Wholesalers
422210	Drugs & Druggists' Sundries Wholesalers
422300	Apparel, Piece Goods, & Notions Wholesalers
422400	Grocery & Related Product Wholesalers
422500	Farm Product Raw Material Wholesalers
422600	Chemical & Allied Products Wholesalers
422700	Petroleum & Petroleum Products Wholesalers
422800	Beer, Wine, & Distilled Alcoholic Beverage Wholesalers
422910	Farm Supplies Wholesalers
422920	Book, Periodical, & Newspaper Wholesalers
422930	Flower, Nursery Stock, & Florists' Supplies Wholesalers
422940	Tobacco & Tobacco Product Wholesalers
422950	Paint, Varnish, & Supplies Wholesalers
422990	Other Miscellaneous

Retail Trade

Motor Ve	hicle and	d Parts	Dealers
444440	Naw Car	Doolo	

Wholesalers

441110	New Car Deale	118
441120	Used Car Deal	ers

441210 Recreational Vehicle Dealers

Nondurable Goods

441221 Motorcycle Dealers 441222 **Boat Dealers**

441229 All Other Motor Vehicle Dealers Automotive Parts. Accessories. 441300

& Tire Stores

Furniture and Home Furnishings Stores

442110 Furniture Stores 442210 Floor Covering Stores 442291 Window Treatment Stores

442299 All Other Home Furnishings Stores

Electronics and Appliance Stores

443111 Household Appliance Stores 443112 Radio, Television, & Other Electronics Stores 443120 Computer & Software Stores Camera & Photographic 443130 Supplies Stores

Building Material and Garden Equipment and Supplies Dealers

444110 Home Centers Paint & Wallpaper Stores 444120 444130 Hardware Stores

444190 Other Building Material **Dealers**

444200 Lawn & Garden Equipment & Supplies Stores

Food and Beverage Stores

Supermarkets and Other 445110 Grocery (except Convenience) Stores 445120 Convenience Stores 445210 Meat Markets 445220 Fish & Seafood Markets

445230 Fruit & Vegetable Markets 445291 **Baked Goods Stores**

Confectionery & Nut Stores 445292 445299 All Other Specialty Food Stores

445310 Beer, Wine, & Liquor Stores

Health and Personal Care Stores

446110 Pharmacies & Drug Stores Cosmetics, Beauty Supplies, & 446120 Perfume Stores 446130 **Optical Goods Stores**

446190 Other Health & Personal Care Stores

Gasoline Stations

447100 Gasoline Stations (including convenience stores with gas)

448320

451220

Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores

448110 Men's Clothing Stores Women's Clothing Stores 448120 448130 Children's & Infants' Clothing Stores 448140 Family Clothing Stores

448150 Clothing Accessories Stores Other Clothing Stores 448190

448210 Shoe Stores 448310 Jewelry Stores

Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Music Stores

Luggage & Leather Goods

451110 Sporting Goods Stores 451120 Hobby, Toy, & Game Stores 451130 Sewing, Needlework, & Piece Goods Stores 451140 Musical Instrument & Supplies Stores 451211 **Book Stores** 451212 News Dealers & Newsstands

Prerecorded Tape, Compact

Disc, & Record Stores General Merchandise Stores

452110 Department stores Other General Merchandise 452900 Stores

Miscellaneous Store Retailers

453110 Florists 453210 Office Supplies & Stationery Stores

453220 Gift, Novelty, & Souvenir Stores 453310 Used Merchandise Stores

453910 Pet & Pet Supplies Stores 453920 Art Dealers

453930 Manufactured (Mobile) Home Dealers 453990 All Other Miscellaneous Store

Retailers (including tobacco, candle, & trophy shops)

Nonstore Retailers

Electronic Shopping & Mail-454110 Order Houses 454210 Vending Machine Operators 454311 Heating Oil Dealers Liquefied Petroleum Gas 454312 (Bottled Gas) Dealers 454319 Other Fuel Dealers 454390 Other Direct Selling Establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)

Transportation and Warehousing

Air, Rail, and Water Transportation

481000 Air Transportation 482110 Rail Transportation 483000 Water Transportation

Truck Transportation

484110 General Freight Trucking, Local 484120 General Freight Trucking, Long-distance

Specialized Freight Trucking 484200

Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation

485110 Urban Transit Systems 485210 Interurban & Rural Bus Transportation 485310

Taxi Service 485320 Limousine Service 485410 School & Employee Bus Transportation

485510 Charter Bus Industry 485990 Other Transit & Ground Passenger Transportation

Pipeline Transportation

486000 Pipeline Transportation Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation

487000 Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation

Support Activities for Transportation

488100 Support Activities for Air Transportation

Support Activities for Rail 488210 Transportation

488300 Support Activities for Water Transportation

488410 Motor Vehicle Towing

488490 Other Support Activities for Road Transportation 488510 Freight Transportation

Arrangement 488990 Other Support Activities for Transportation

Couriers and Messengers

492110 Couriers Local Messengers & Local 492210 Delivery

Warehousing and Storage

Warehousing & Storage 493100 (except lessors of miniwarehouses & selfstorage units)

Information

Publishing Industries

511110 Newspaper Publishers 511120 Periodical Publishers 511130 **Book Publishers**

Database & Directory 511140 **Publishers** 511190 Other Publishers

Software Publishers 511210

Motion Picture and Sound Recording Industries

512100 Motion Picture & Video Industries (except video rental) 512200 Sound Recording Industries

Broadcasting and Telecommunications

513100 Radio & Television Broadcasting

513200 Cable Networks & Program Distribution

Telecommunications (including paging, cellular, satellite, & 513300 other telecommunications)

Information Services and Data **Processing Services**

514100 Information Services (including news syndicates, libraries, & on-line information services)

514210 Data Processing Services

Finance and Insurance **Depository Credit Intermediation**

522110 Commercial Banking 522120

Savings Institutions 522130 Credit Unions 522190 Other Depository Credit

Intermediation

Nondepository Credit Intermediation

522210 Credit Card Issuing 522220 Sales Financing

522291 Consumer Lending 522292 Real Estate Credit (including mortgage bankers & originators)

522293 International Trade Financing 522294 Secondary Market Financing 522298 All Other Nondepository Credit

Intermediation Activities Related to Credit Intermediation

Activities Related to Credit 522300 Intermediation (including loan brokers)

Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investments and **Related Activities**

523110 Investment Banking & Securities Dealing

523120 Securities Brokerage 523130 Commodity Contracts Dealing

Commodity Contracts 523140 Brokerage

Code

Securities & Commodity 523210 Exchanges 523900

Other Financial Investment Activities (including portfolio management & investment advice)

Insurance Carriers and Related Activities

524140 Direct Life, Health, & Medical Insurance & Reinsurance Carriers 524150 Direct Insurance & Reinsur-

ance (except Life, Health, & Medical) Carriers 524210

Insurance Agencies & Brokerages Other Insurance Related 524290

Funds, Trusts, and Other Financial

Vehicles 525100 Insurance & Employee Benefit Funds 525910 Open-End Investment Funds (Form 1120-RIC) 525920 Trusts, Estates, & Agency Accounts 525930 Real Estate Investment Trusts

(Form 1120-REIT) 525990 Other Financial Vehicles

Real Estate and Rental and

Leasing Real Estate

531110 Lessors of Residential **Buildings & Dwellings** 531120 Lessors of Nonresidential Buildings (except Miniwarehouses) 531130 Lessors of Miniwarehouses & Self-Storage Units 531190 Lessors of Other Real Estate Property

Offices of Real Estate Agents 531210

& Brokers 531310 Real Estate Property

Managers 531320 Offices of Real Estate

Appraisers 531390 Other Activities Related to Real Estate

Rental and Leasing Services

Automotive Equipment Rental 532100 & Leasing Consumer Electronics & 532210

Appliances Rental 532220 Formal Wear & Costume

Video Tape & Disc Rental 532230

532290 Other Consumer Goods Rental 532310 General Rental Centers 532400 Commercial & Industrial Machinery & Equipment

Rental & Leasing Lessors of Nonfinancial Intangible

Assets (except copyrighted works) Lessors of Nonfinancial 533110 Intangible Assets (except copyrighted works)

Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services

Legal Services

541110 Offices of Lawyers 541190 Other Legal Services

Accounting, Tax Preparation, Bookkeeping, and Payroll Services

Offices of Certified Public Accountants 541211

Tax Preparation Services 541214 Payroll Services

541219 Other Accounting Services

Architectural, Engineering, and **Related Services**

541310 Architectural Services 541320 Landscape Architecture Services

Engineering Services 541330 Drafting Services 541340

Building Inspection Services 541350

Code 541360 Geophysical Surveying & Mapping Services 541370 Surveying & Mapping (except Geophysical) Services 541380 Testing Laboratories 5pecialized Design Services 541400 Specialized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Computer Systems Design and Related Services 541511 Custom Computer Programming Services 541512 Computer Systems Design Services 541513 Computer Facilities Management Services 541519 Other Computer Related Services 541519 Other Computer Related Services 541600 Management, Scientific, and Technical Services 541600 Management, Scientific, & Technical Consulting Services 541800 Advertising & Related Services 541910 Marketing Research & Public Opinion Polling 541920 Photographic Services 541930 Translation & Interpretation Services 541990 All Other Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services Management of Companies (Holding Companies) 551111 Offices of Bank Holding Companies 551112 Offices of Other Holding Companies Administrative and Support services 561100 Facilities Support Services 561101 Facilities Support Services 561101 Facilities Support Services 561102 Facilities Support Services 561103 Employment Services 561104 Document Preparation Services 56110 Telephone Call Centers 56110 Telephone Call Centers 56110 Telephone Call Centers 56110 Other Business Support 561140 Collection Agencies 561440 Collection Agencies 561450 Credit Bureaus 561490 Other Business Support Services (including reposses-	Code 561500 Travel Arrangement & Reservation Services 561600 Investigation & Security Services 561710 Exterminating & Pest Control Services 561720 Janitorial Services 561730 Landscaping Services 561740 Carpet & Upholstery Cleaning Services 561790 Other Services to Buildings & Dwellings 561900 Other Support Services (including packaging & labeling services, & convention & trade show organizers) Waste Management and Remediation Services 562000 Waste Management & Remediation Services 611000 Educational Services 611000 Educational Services 611000 Educational Services (including schools, colleges, & universities) Health Care and Social Assistance Offices of Physicians and Dentists 621111 Offices of Physicians (except mental health specialists) 621112 Offices of Physicians, Mental Health Specialists 621210 Offices of Dentists Offices of Other Health Practitioners 621310 Offices of Optometrists 621310 Offices of Optometrists 621320 Offices of Optometrists 621330 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 621340 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 621340 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 621340 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 621340 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 621340 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 621340 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 621340 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 621340 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 6213410 Family Planning Centers 6214420 Outpatient Mental Health & Substance Abuse Centers 621491 HMO Medical Centers 621492 Kidney Dialysis Centers 621493 Freestanding Ambulatory Surgical & Emergency Centers 621494 All Other Outpatient Care Centers 621498 HMO Medi	Code Other Ambulatory Health Care Services 621900 Other Ambulatory Health Care Services (including ambulance services & blood & organ banks) Hospitals 622000 Hospitals Nursing and Residential Care Facilities 623000 Nursing & Residential Care Facilities 624100 Individual & Family Services 624200 Community Food & Housing, & Emergency & Other Relief Services 624310 Vocational Rehabilitation Services 624410 Child Day Care Services Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation Performing Arts, Spectator Sports, and Related Industries 711100 Performing Arts Companies 711210 Spectator Sports (including sports clubs & racetracks) 711300 Promoters of Performing Arts, Sports, & Similar Events 711410 Agents & Managers for Artists, Athletes, Entertainers, & Other Public Figures 711510 Independent Artists, Writers, & Performers Museums, Historical Sites, and Similar Institutions 712100 Museums, Historical Sites, & Similar Institutions 713100 Amusement Parks & Arcades 713200 Gambling Industries 713100 Amusement Parks & Arcades 713200 Gambling Industries 713100 Amusement Recreation Industries (including golf courses, skiing facilities, marinas, fitness centers, & bowling centers) Accommodation 721110 Hotels (except casino hotels) & Motels 721120 Casino Hotels 721121 Rev (Recreational Vehicle) Parks & Recreational Camps	Food Services and Drinking Places 722110 Full-Service Restaurants 722210 Limited-Service Eating Places 722300 Special Food Services (including food service contractors & caterers) 722410 Drinking Places (Alcoholic Beverages) Other Services Repair and Maintenance 811110 Automotive Mechanical & Electrical Repair & Maintenance 811120 Automotive Body, Paint, Interior, & Glass Repair 811190 Other Automotive Repair & Maintenance (including oil change & lubrication shops & car washes) 811210 Electronic & Precision Equipment Repair & Maintenance 811310 Commercial & Industrial Machinery & Equipment (except Automotive & Electronic) Repair & Maintenance 811410 Home & Garden Equipment & Appliance Repair & Mainte- nance 811420 Reupholstery & Furniture Repair 811430 Footwear & Leather Goods Repair 811490 Other Personal & Household Gods Repair & Maintenance Personal and Laundry Services 812111 Barber Shops 812112 Beauty Salons 812113 Nail Salons 812190 Other Personal Care Services (including diet & weight reducing centers) 812210 Funeral Homes & Funeral Services (except Coin- Operated) 812330 Linner & Uniform Supply 812910 Pet Care (except Veterinary) Services 812920 Photofinishing 812930 Parking Lots & Garages 812930 All Other Personal Services Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional, and Similar Organizations
Companies 551112 Offices of Other Holding Companies Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services 561110 Office Administrative Services 561210 Facilities Support Services 561300 Employment Services 561410 Document Preparation Services 561420 Telephone Call Centers 561430 Business Service Centers (including private mail centers & copy shops) 561440 Collection Agencies 561450 Credit Bureaus	621340 Offices of Physical, Occupational & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists 621391 Offices of Podiatrists 621399 Offices of All Other Miscellaneous Health Practitioners Outpatient Care Centers 621410 Family Planning Centers 621420 Outpatient Mental Health & Substance Abuse Centers 621491 HMO Medical Centers 621492 Kidney Dialysis Centers 621493 Freestanding Ambulatory Surgical & Emergency Centers 621498 All Other Outpatient Care Centers Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories 621510 Medical & Diagnostic Laboratories	Recreation Industries 713100 Amusement Parks & Arcades 713200 Gambling Industries 713900 Other Amusement & Recreation Industries (including golf courses, skiing facilities, marinas, fitness centers, & bowling centers) Accommodation and Food Services Accommodation 721110 Hotels (except casino hotels) & Motels 721120 Casino Hotels 721191 Bed & Breakfast Inns 721199 All Other Traveler Accommodation 721210 RV (Recreational Vehicle)	812190 Other Personal Care Services (including diet & weight reducing centers) 812210 Funeral Homes & Funeral Services 812220 Cemeteries & Crematories 812310 Coin-Operated Laundries & Drycleaners 812320 Drycleaning & Laundry Services (except Coin-Operated) 812330 Linen & Uniform Supply 812930 Pet Care (except Veterinary) Services 812920 Photofinishing 812930 Parking Lots & Garages 812990 All Other Personal Services Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional, and Similar

YEAR

2001

Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary

CALIFORNIA FORM

3809

Attach to your California tax return.	Social security or California corporation number
Name(s) as shown on return	FEIN
	+
Secretary of State	file number
Qualified Taxpayer's SIC Code Activity. Caution : See instructions.	
A. Check the appropriate box for your entity type: ☐ Individual ☐ Estate ☐ Trust ☐ C corporation ☐ S corporation ☐ Partn ☐ Exempt organization ☐ Limited liability company ☐ Limited liability partner B. Enter the name of the targeted tax area (TTA) business: ☐ C. Enter the address (actual location) where the TTA business is conducted:	
 D. Enter the name of the specific area of the TTA in which the business and/or investment activity is located. Area Designation. E. Principal Business Activity Code number of the TTA business 	
Enter the six-digit Principal Business Activity Code from the chart. F. Total number of employees in the TTA G. Number of employees included in the computation of the hiring credit, if claimed	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
H. Number of new employees included in the computation of the hiring credit, if claimed I. Gross annual receipts of the business J. Total asset value of the business	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Part I Credits Used	
 Hiring and sales or use tax credits claimed on the current year return: a Hiring credit from Worksheet VI, line 8A, column (f) or line 10, column (f) b Sales or use tax credit from Worksheet VI, line 9A, column (f) or line 11, column (f) Add line 1a and line 1b Note: To compute the amount of credits to carry over, complete Worksheet VI on Side 2. 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Part II Business Expense Deduction for Equipment Purchases	
2 Enter the cost of qualified property purchased for the TTA that is being deducted as a current year business expense from Worksheet III, Section A, line 5, column (b)	than adding it to the
Part III Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover and Deduction	
 a Enter the NOL carryover from the prior year from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column (b) b Enter the total NOL deduction used in the current year from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column amount on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), line 21e, column B; Form 100, line 21; Form 100W, line 2 Form 100S, line 19; or Form 109, line 3 or line 11 	n (c). Enter this 1;
c Enter the TTA NOL carryover to future years from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column (e) ELECTION: For those taxpayers eligible for an NOL carryover under R&TC Sections 17276.2, 17276 24416.4, 24416.5, or 24416.6, the act of claiming an NOL carryover on this form constitutes the irr loss under R&TC Sections 17276.6 or 24416.6, for taxpayers operating a trade or business within t over an NOL under the TTA provisions, you cannot carry over any other type and amount of NOL from	6.4, 17276.5, 17276.6, 24416.2, revocable election to apply the the TTA. If you elect to carry
Part IV Portion of Business Attributable to the Targeted Tax Area	
4 Enter the average apportionment percentage of your business that is in the TTA from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4. If your operation is wholly within the TTA, the average apportionment percentage is 1	00% (1.00) 4
Part V Recapture of Deduction and Credits	
 5 TTA recapture of hiring credit from Worksheet I, Section B, line 2, column (b) 6 Recapture of business expense deduction from Worksheet III, Section B, line 2, column (b) 	

				Credit Limitations -	— Targeted Tax Are	a				
			ion of Credit Limitation							
1	on this lin	e and	l on line 3 (skip line 2)	Is: Enter the amount f). See instructions. No	te: Corporations whic	h file a	combined re	port,		
_			•	apportioned to Califo	,		,		1	
2	-			ortionment percentage					2	
3			•						3	
4				/orksheet V, Section C					4	
5				om line 3		· · · · · ·			5	
6				ising the amount on lii	ne 5.					
			tions			٠٠٠ او	ia			
				Form 100W, line 24; Fo						
				orations and S corpora		.	ib			
7			•	o. This is the limitation				Part III	<i>Y/////</i>	///////////////////////////////////////
•									7	
	or raitiv.	000	mondonomo						•	
Pa	rt II Lim	itatio	on of Credits for Corpo	orations, Individuals,	Estates, and Trusts.	See ins	tructions.			
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)		(e)	(f)		(g)
	Credit		Credit	Total	Total credit	L	_imitation	Used on Sc	hedule P	Carryover
	name		amount	prior year	(add col. (b)		based on	(can never l		(col. (d) minus
				carryover	and col. (c))	I IA DI	usiness income	than col. (d)	or coi. (e))	col. (e))
		٨								
8	Hiring	Α								
	credit	В								
		D		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
9	Sales or	Α								
	use tax							///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	//////////////////////////////////////
credit B		В								
								<u> </u>	///////	
		aitati	ion of Crodito for C Co	arnarationa Only Coo	instructions					
Pa		IIIali	on or creats for 5 cd	prporations Only. See	IIISTRUCTIONS.					
	(a) Credit		(b) Credit	(c) S corporation	(d) Total	т	(e) otal credit	(f) Credit		(g) Carryover
	name		amount	credit (multiply	prior year		dd col. (c)	this year		(col. (e) minus
				col. (b) by 1/3)	carryover	àn	ıd col. (à))	S corpo	ration	col. (f))
10	Hiring credit									
11	Sales or u	se								
	tax credit									
Pa	rt IV Lin	nitati	on of Credits for Corp	porations and S Corpo	orations Subject to Pa	ying O	nly the Minir	num Franchis	e Tax. See	instructions.
	(a)		(b)	(c)	_ (d)					
	Credit		Credit amount	Total	Total credit carryover. (add					
	name		annount	prior year carryover	carryover. (add col. (c))					
				,	(,, (2))					
12	Hiring credit									
13	Sales or u	se								
	tax credit									

YEAR

2001

Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary

CALIFORNIA FORM

3809

Attach to your California tax return.	Social security or California corporation number
Name(s) as shown on return	FEIN
	+
Secretary of State	file number
Qualified Taxpayer's SIC Code Activity. Caution : See instructions.	
A. Check the appropriate box for your entity type: ☐ Individual ☐ Estate ☐ Trust ☐ C corporation ☐ S corporation ☐ Partn ☐ Exempt organization ☐ Limited liability company ☐ Limited liability partner B. Enter the name of the targeted tax area (TTA) business: ☐ C. Enter the address (actual location) where the TTA business is conducted:	
 D. Enter the name of the specific area of the TTA in which the business and/or investment activity is located. Area Designation. E. Principal Business Activity Code number of the TTA business 	
Enter the six-digit Principal Business Activity Code from the chart. F. Total number of employees in the TTA G. Number of employees included in the computation of the hiring credit, if claimed	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
H. Number of new employees included in the computation of the hiring credit, if claimed I. Gross annual receipts of the business J. Total asset value of the business	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Part I Credits Used	
 Hiring and sales or use tax credits claimed on the current year return: a Hiring credit from Worksheet VI, line 8A, column (f) or line 10, column (f) b Sales or use tax credit from Worksheet VI, line 9A, column (f) or line 11, column (f) Add line 1a and line 1b Note: To compute the amount of credits to carry over, complete Worksheet VI on Side 2. 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Part II Business Expense Deduction for Equipment Purchases	
2 Enter the cost of qualified property purchased for the TTA that is being deducted as a current year business expense from Worksheet III, Section A, line 5, column (b)	than adding it to the
Part III Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover and Deduction	
 a Enter the NOL carryover from the prior year from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column (b) b Enter the total NOL deduction used in the current year from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column amount on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), line 21e, column B; Form 100, line 21; Form 100W, line 2 Form 100S, line 19; or Form 109, line 3 or line 11 	n (c). Enter this 1;
c Enter the TTA NOL carryover to future years from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column (e) ELECTION: For those taxpayers eligible for an NOL carryover under R&TC Sections 17276.2, 17276 24416.4, 24416.5, or 24416.6, the act of claiming an NOL carryover on this form constitutes the irr loss under R&TC Sections 17276.6 or 24416.6, for taxpayers operating a trade or business within t over an NOL under the TTA provisions, you cannot carry over any other type and amount of NOL from	6.4, 17276.5, 17276.6, 24416.2, revocable election to apply the the TTA. If you elect to carry
Part IV Portion of Business Attributable to the Targeted Tax Area	
4 Enter the average apportionment percentage of your business that is in the TTA from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4. If your operation is wholly within the TTA, the average apportionment percentage is 1	00% (1.00) 4
Part V Recapture of Deduction and Credits	
 5 TTA recapture of hiring credit from Worksheet I, Section B, line 2, column (b) 6 Recapture of business expense deduction from Worksheet III, Section B, line 2, column (b) 	

				Credit Limitations -	— Targeted Tax Are	a				
			ion of Credit Limitation							
1	on this lin	e and	l on line 3 (skip line 2)	Is: Enter the amount f). See instructions. No	te: Corporations whic	h file a	combined re	port,		
_			•	apportioned to Califo	,		,		1	
2	-			ortionment percentage					2	
3			•						3	
4				/orksheet V, Section C					4	
5				om line 3		· · · · · ·			5	
6				ising the amount on lii	ne 5.					
			tions			٠٠٠ او	ia			
				Form 100W, line 24; Fo						
				orations and S corpora		.	ib			
7			•	o. This is the limitation				Part III	<i>Y/////</i>	///////////////////////////////////////
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	or raitiv.	000	mondonomo						•	
Pa	rt II Lim	itatio	on of Credits for Corpo	orations, Individuals,	Estates, and Trusts.	See ins	tructions.			
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)		(e)	(f)		(g)
	Credit		Credit	Total	Total credit	L	_imitation	Used on Sc	hedule P	Carryover
	name		amount	prior year	(add col. (b)		based on	(can never l		(col. (d) minus
				carryover	and col. (c))	I IA DI	usiness income	than col. (d)	or coi. (e))	col. (e))
		٨								
8	Hiring	Α								
	credit	В								
		D		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
9	Sales or	Α								
	use tax							///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	//////////////////////////////////////
credit B		В								
								<u> </u>	///////	
		aitati	ion of Crodito for C Co	arnarationa Only Coo	instructions					
Pa		IIIali	on or creats for 5 cd	prporations Only. See	IIISTRUCTIONS.					
	(a) Credit		(b) Credit	(c) S corporation	(d) Total	т	(e) otal credit	(f) Credit		(g) Carryover
	name		amount	credit (multiply	prior year		dd col. (c)	this year		(col. (e) minus
				col. (b) by 1/3)	carryover	àn	ıd col. (à))	S corpo	ration	col. (f))
10	Hiring credit									
11	Sales or u	se								
	tax credit									
Pa	rt IV Lin	nitati	on of Credits for Corp	porations and S Corpo	orations Subject to Pa	ying O	nly the Minir	num Franchis	e Tax. See	instructions.
	(a)		(b)	(c)	_ (d)					
	Credit		Credit amount	Total	Total credit carryover. (add					
	name		annount	prior year carryover	carryover. (add col. (c))					
				,	(,, (2))					
12	Hiring credit									
13	Sales or u	se								
	tax credit									

How to Get California Tax Information

Your Rights as a Taxpayer

Our goal at the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) is to make certain that your rights are protected so that you will have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of our state tax system. FTB Publication 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of Rights, includes information on your rights as a California taxpaver, the Taxpavers' Rights Advocate Program, and how you can request written advice from the FTB on whether a particular transaction is taxable. See "Where to Get Tax Forms and Publications" below.

Where to Get Tax Forms and **Publications**

By Internet - You can download, view, and print California tax forms and publications. Go to our Website at: www.ftb.ca.gov

Other state agencies' information can be accessed through the State Agency Index located on the California State Website at: www.ca.gov

By phone - To order California tax forms, publications and current year federal booklets, call our automated phone service. To order a

- Refer to the list in your tax booklet and find the code number for the form you want to order.
- Call (800) 338-0505 and follow the instructions.

Please allow two weeks to receive your order. If you live outside California, please allow three weeks to receive your order.

In person - Many libraries, post offices, and banks provide free California personal income tax booklets during the filing season. Most libraries and some quick print businesses have forms and schedules for you to photocopy (a nominal fee may apply). Note: Employees at libraries, post offices, banks, and quick print businesses cannot provide tax information or assistance.

By mail - Write to:

TAX FORMS REQUEST UNIT FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 307 RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-0307

Letters

If you write to us, be sure your letter includes your FEIN, Secretary of State file number, California corporation number, or social security number, your daytime and evening telephone numbers, and a copy of the notice (if applicable). Send your letter to:

PROFESSIONAL RESOURCES AND **EDUCATION SECTION** MS F-228 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1468 SACRAMENTO CA 95812-1468

We will respond to your letter within six weeks. In some cases, we may need to call you for additional information. Do not attach correspondence to your tax return unless the correspondence relates to an item on your return.

General Toll-Free Phone Service

Our general toll-free phone service is available:

- Monday Friday, 7 a.m. until 8 p.m.; and
- Saturdays, 8 a.m. until 5 p.m.

Note: We may modify these hours without notice to meet operational needs.

From within the United States (800) 852-5711 From outside the United States (916) 845-6500 (not toll-free)

Assistance for persons with disabilities:

The FTB complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act. Persons with a hearing or speech impairment, call:

From voice phone (800) 735-2922 (California Relay Service) From TTY/TDD(800) 822-6268 (Direct line to FTB customer service)

For all other assistance or special accommodations, call (800) 852-5711.

For federal tax questions:

Call the IRS at(800) 829-1040

Asistencia bilingüe en español

Para obtener servicios en español y asistencia para completar su declaración de impuestos/ formularios. llame al número de teléfono (anotado arriba) que le corresponde.

(Keep This Page For Future Use)

Geographic Boundaries

Further information about geographic boundaries of the TTA is available from:

ENTERPRISE ZONE PROGRAMS CALIFORNIA TECHNOLOGY, TRADE AND **COMMERCE AGENCY** 801 K STREET SUITE 1700 SACRAMENTO CA 95814

Telephone: (916) 324-8211 FAX: (916) 322-7214

Website: www.commerce.ca.gov

Economic Development Area (Information Only)

Further information about the TTA tax incentives is available from:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD Telephone: (916) 845-3464 FAX: (916) 845-6791 Website: www.ftb.ca.gov



Automated Toll-Free Phone Service

Our automated toll-free phone service is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, in English and Spanish to callers with touch-tone telephones. To order business entity form, the automated service is available from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. Monday through Friday, except state holidays, and Saturdays from 6 a.m. to 4 p.m. You can:

- Order California tax forms and publications and individual current year federal booklets;
- Get current year tax refund information;
- Get balance due and payment information; and
- Hear recorded answers to many of your questions about California taxes.

Have paper and pencil ready to take notes.

Call from within the	
United States	(800) 338-0505
Call from outside the	
United States	(916) 845-6600
	(not toll-free)

Current Year Personal Income Tax Refund Information

You should wait at least eight weeks after you file your tax return before you call to find out about your refund. You will need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, or route number, and your ZIP Code to use this service. Refund status information is possible 24 hours and your ZIP code to use this service. available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Call our automated phone service, select personal income tax information, then refund information, and follow the recorded instructions.

Personal Income Tax Balance Due and Payment

You should wait at least 45 days from the date you mailed your payment before you call to verify receipt of your payment. You will need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, or route number, and your ZIP code to use this service. Balance due and payment information is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Answers To Tax Questions

Answers 10 lax Questions
Recorded answers to your tax questions are
available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. To receive
answers to any of the following questions, call our
automated phone service, select either personal
income tax or business entity tax information, then general information, and enter the three-digit code when instructed to do so.

Personal Income Tax Information

Code Filing Assistance

- Do I need to file a return?
- Which form should I use?
- 112 How do I file electronically and get a fast refund?
- Where can I pick up a form today? How can I get an extension to file? What is and how do I qualify for the
- 203 nonrefundable renter's credit? I never received a Form W-2. What do I do?
- 205 I have no withholding taken out. What do I do?
- 206 -Do I have to attach a copy of my federal return?
- Should I file my return even though I do not 207 have the money to pay?
- How do I figure my estimated tax payments? 209 -I lived in California for part of the year. Do I
- have to file a return? 210 -I do not live in California. Why do I have to file a return?
- How do I figure my IRA deduction?
- How do I claim my disaster related loss?
- Who qualifies me to use the head of household filing status?
- I'm due a refund. Do I still need to file a return?

217 – I am currently/was in the military. Do I have to file a California return?

- I'm in the military. Do I have to use the same filing status as federal?
 I sold my personal residence. How do I report the sale to California?
 There is no difference in my state and federal depreciation, business income 218 -
- 219 -
- 220 federal depreciation, business income, and capital gain income. What do I do?
- What is community property?
- 222 -How much can I deduct for vehicle license fees?
- How do I get a refund of excess SDI? Where can I get help with preparing and
- 239 filing my income tax return?
- 240 -Does a tax return have to be filed for a deceased taxpayer?

Refunds

- My spouse has passed away. You sent a refund with both our names on it. What do
- 301 I got a letter saying you sent my refund to another agency. Why?

Penalties

- 400
- I have an extension of time to file my return. Why did I get a penalty? I filed my return on time. Why did I get a 401 penalty?
- 402 How can I protest a penalty? 403 What is the estimate penalty rate?

Notices and Bills

- I received a bill and I cannot pay it in full. 500 -What do I do?
- Why didn't you give me credit for my withholding?
- You didn't give me credit for my dependent. What do I do? 502
- I'm head of my house. Why was I denied head of household filing status?
- How do I get information about my Form 1099-G? 506
- I received a notice that didn't show all payments made. How do I get credit for thém?

Tax For Children

- Can my child take a personal exemption credit when I claim her or him as a
- dependent on my return?
 Federal law limits the standard deduction.
 Is the state law the same? 602 -

Miscellaneous

- Can I pay my taxes with a credit card?
- What address do I send my payment to?
- 612 I mailed my return and haven't heard anything. Should I send a copy of my return?
- 613 -I forgot to attach my Form(s) W-2 when I mailed my return. What do'l'do?
- 614 -I forgot to attach a copy of my federal return. What do I do?
- How do I get a copy of my state tax return? What should I do if my federal tax return 616 was examined and changed by the IRS?
- What are the current interest rates?
- 619 How do I report a change of address?

Business Entity Tax Information

Code Filing Assistance

- If my actual tax is less than the minimum franchise tax, what figure do I put on line 23 of Form 100 or line 23 of Form 100W?
- What are the tax rates for corporations?
- 718 How do I get an extension of time to file? When does my corporation have to file a short-period return?
- Is my corporation subject to a franchise tax or income tax?

S Corporations

Is an S corporation subject to the minimum franchise tax?

(Keep This Page For Future Use)

- Are S corporations required to file estimated payments?
- 706 -What forms do S corporations file?
- The tax for my S corporation is less than the minimum franchise tax. What figure do I put on line 22 of Form 100S?
- Where do S corporations make adjustments 708 for state and federal law differences on Schedule K-1 (100S) and where do nonresident shareholders get their California source income from their Schedule K-1 (100S)?

Exempt Organizations

- 709 How do I get tax-exempt status?
- 710 Does an exempt organization have to file Form 199?
- 735 -How can an exempt organization incorporate without paying corporation fees and
- I have exempt status. Do I need to file 736 -Form 100 or Form 109 in addition to Form 199?

Minimum Tax and Estimate Tax

- What is the minimum franchise tax?
- My corporation is not doing business; does it have to pay the minimum franchise tax?
- When are my corporation's estimated payments due?

Billings and Miscellaneous Notices

- 728 –
- I received a bill for \$250. What is this for?
 Why was my corporation suspended?
 Why is my subsidiary getting a request for a return when we filed a combined report?

Tax Clearance

- 724 How do I dissolve my corporation?
- 725 What do I have to do to get a tax clearance?
- 726 How long will it take to get a tax clearance certificate?
- My corporation was suspended/ 727 – forfeited. Can I still get a tax clearance?

Miscellaneous

- What are the current interest rates?
- Who do I need to contact to start a business?
- 701 -I need a state ID number for my business. Who do I contact?
- Can you send me an employer's tax guide?
- How do I incorporate?
- How do I properly identify my corporation when dealing with the Franchise Tax Board? How do I obtain information about 719 -
- 720 -
- 721 -
- 737 -
- 738 –
- How do I obtain information about changing my corporation's name?
 How does my corporation change its accounting period?
 Where do I send my payment?
 What is electronic funds transfer?
 How do I get a copy of my state corporation or partnership tax return?
 What requirements do I have to report municipal bond interest paid by a state other than California? 740 other than California?
- How do I organize or register an LLC?
- How do I cancel the registration of my LLC? 751 –
- What tax forms do I use to file as an LLC?
- 753 When is the annual tax payment due? 754 – What extension voucher do I use to pay the
- LLC fee and/or member tax?
- Where does a LLC send its tax payments? 756 – As an LLC I never did any business or even opened a door, bank account, or anything. Why do I owe the \$800 annual tax?
- How are LLC fees calculated? I'm a corporation that has converted to an LLC during the current year. Am I liable for the tax as a corporation and an LLC in the same year?
- 759 -If I have nonresident members and cannot get all their signatures on the consent release form, can I still file the return?